#### NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA

#### GEOLOGICAL REPORT

SEABEE TEST WELL NO. 1

HUSKY OIL NPR OPERATIONS, INC. Prepared by: Gordon W. Legg & R. Brockway

For the

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY Office of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska Department of the Interior MARCH 1983

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
GEOLOGIC SUMMARY	
Introduction	1 1 3 4 5
WELLSITE GEOLOGIST'S REPORT	
Summary	6 7
Cretaceous  Nanushuk Group	7 8 9 10
Hydrocarbon Indications	13 14
LIST OF FIGURES	
Figure 1 - Location Map  Figure 2 - Surveyor's Certificate  Figure 3 - Structure, Fortress Mountain  Figure 4 - Cross Section	3 4 5 16
PERTINENT DATA/APPENDICES	
Appendix	
A. Summary Pertinent Data, Operations & Analysis	A-1-3
B. Drill Cuttings and Core Descriptions	B-1-26
C. Log Analysis (by Armour Kane) Report of August 6, 1979	C-1 C-2 C-3 C-4-7

# PERTINENT DATA/APPENDICES (Continued)

D.	Logging Reports	
	Report of July 6, 1979	D-1
	Report of July 25-26, 1979	D-2
	Report of August 19, 1979	D-3
	Report of November 21-22, 1979	D-4
	Report of January 18-19, 1980	D-5
	Report of March 30-31, April 1-4, 1980	D-6
Ę.	Drill Stem Test Reports	
	DST No. 1, August 6 & 7, 1979	E-1
	DST No. 2, August 8 & 9, 1979	Ē-2
	DST No. 3, April 8, 9, & 10, 1980	E-3-4
	DST No. 4, April 13, 1980	E-5
F	Fluid Analysis	
• •	O A I ! D I A !! 44 4000	F-1
	A	F-2
	A 1 12 6 B 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F-3
	Crude Oil Analysis Report, April 22, 1980	F-4
	Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-5
	Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-6
	Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-7
	Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-8
	Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-9
	Water Analysis Report, April 28, 1980	F-10
	Gas Analysis Report, May 2, 1980	F-11
G.	Listing of Other Available Geological Data and	
	Source of Other Geological and Well Data	G-1

COMPOSITE LITHOLOGY LOG (In pocket)

#### GEOLOGIC SUMMARY

#### INTRODUCTION

The Seabee Test Well No. 1 is located in the SE 1/4 of protracted Section 5, T1S, R1W, Umiat Meridian (see Figures 1 and 2). The well is located within the "old" Umiat Field area on the south flank of the shallow east-west trending Umiat anticline. Drilling of the well commenced on July 1, 1979. The well was suspended from August 21, 1979, to October 21, 1979, due to labor problems. The total depth of 15,611 feet was reached on March 14, 1980, but the rig was not released until April 15, 1980, because of a drill stem test program.

There were common hydrocarbon shows in the Nanushuk Group and several gas shows of note in the Torok and Fortress Mountain Formations. There was one notable show of gas in the "Pebble Shale" which required an increase in mud weight from 16.9 ppg to 18.0 ppg to control. The gas shows encountered in the Torok, Fortress Mountain and "Pebble Shale" were essentially over-pressured, low volume and were associated with tight sandstones, siltstones and shales. A drill stem test through casing at 5366-5394' did recover gas at a maximum rate of 6.7 MMCFGPD, but pressure data indicated a depleting, limited reservoir.

#### PRE-DRILLING PROGNOSIS

The Seabee Test Well No. 1 was drilled in order to test deeper possibilities on the previously drilled Umiat anticline. Minor shallow production had been established in several previously drilled "Umiat Field" wells (see USGS Professional Paper 305-B). Specifically, the Seabee Test Well No. 1 was to have investigated reservoir possibilities in the sands of the Fortress Mountain Formation (potentially gas productive in the Texaco East Kurupa No. 1, T7S, R6W, which tested gas at a maximum rate of 3.8 MMCFGPD). Additionally, the well was scheduled to penetrate the "Pebble Shale" and bottom at 15,200 feet (original prospect total depth) in the top of the Kingak Shale (Jurassic). The reason for drilling into the Kingak was to determine the reservoir potential of sandstones believed to be present at the "Pebble Shale"/Kingak contact.

Structurally, the well was to have encountered several thrust faults interpreted from seismic data and from the sparse Umiat Field well control.

#### POST-DRILLING SUMMARY

The Seabee Test Well No. 1 was drilled to a total depth of 15,611 feet and bottomed in the "Pebble Shale" (Neocomian). The top of the "Pebble Shale" was encountered at 13,005 feet and the thickness of 2606+ feet is

 A major thrust fault was encountered at approximately 9,170 feet resulting in a 1,400 foot repeated section from 9170-10,570' which correlated with the interval 7710-9170'. There were several minor thrusts with repeat sections from 2680-2810' and 8774-8830' correlating with the intervals 2530-2680' and 8716-8774', respectively. As previously mentioned, probable repeated section is present in the interval 13,005-15,611', but the absence of adequate electric logs (only a gamma ray through pipe) precludes the positive identification of such zones.

The Seabee Test Well No. 1 did not encounter any sandstones of sufficient thickness, porosity and permeability to be of economic significance. The most promising zone in the well was the previously mentioned tight, thin, over-pressured sandstone tested from 5366-5394' and indicating a restricted, depleting reservoir on the basis of test data.

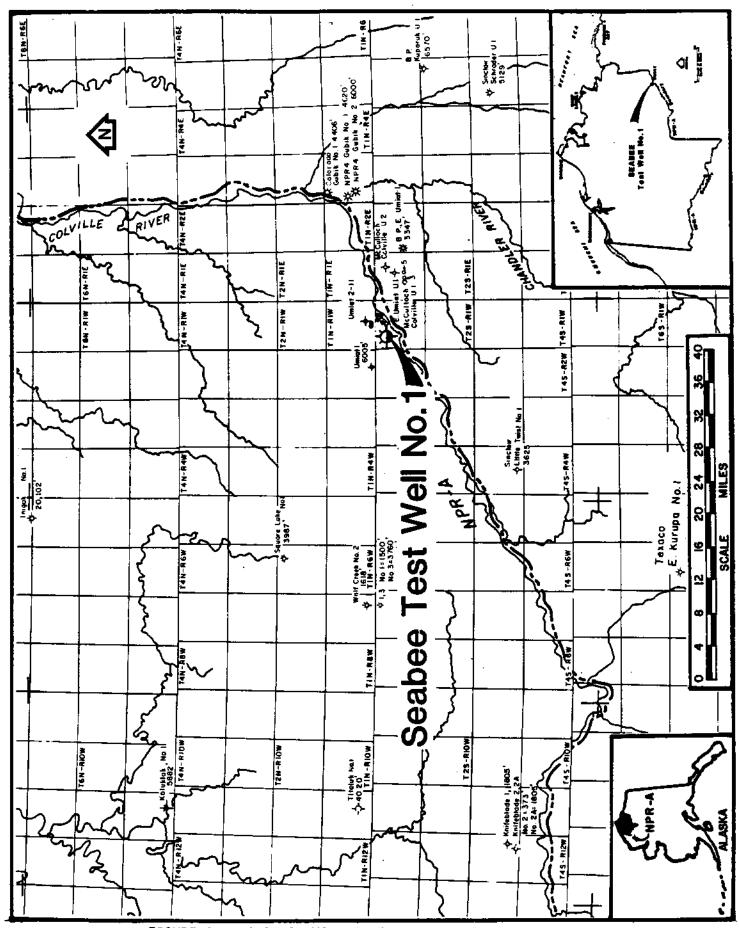
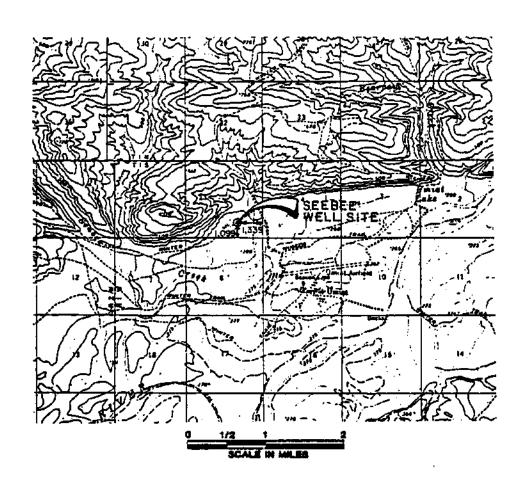


FIGURE 1 - LOCATION MAP - SEABEE TEST WELL NO. 1



#### CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR

I hereby certify that I am properly registered and licensed to practice land surveying in the State of Alaska and that this plat represents a location survey made by me or under my supervision, and that all dimensions and other details are correct.

SEPT. 27, 1978

FIGURE 2 SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICAT



#### SEABEE

LAT. = 69° 22' 48.519"

LONG, # 152" 10 31.291"

Y = 5,626,140.68

X = 735,330.26

ZONE 5

# AS STAKED SEABLE

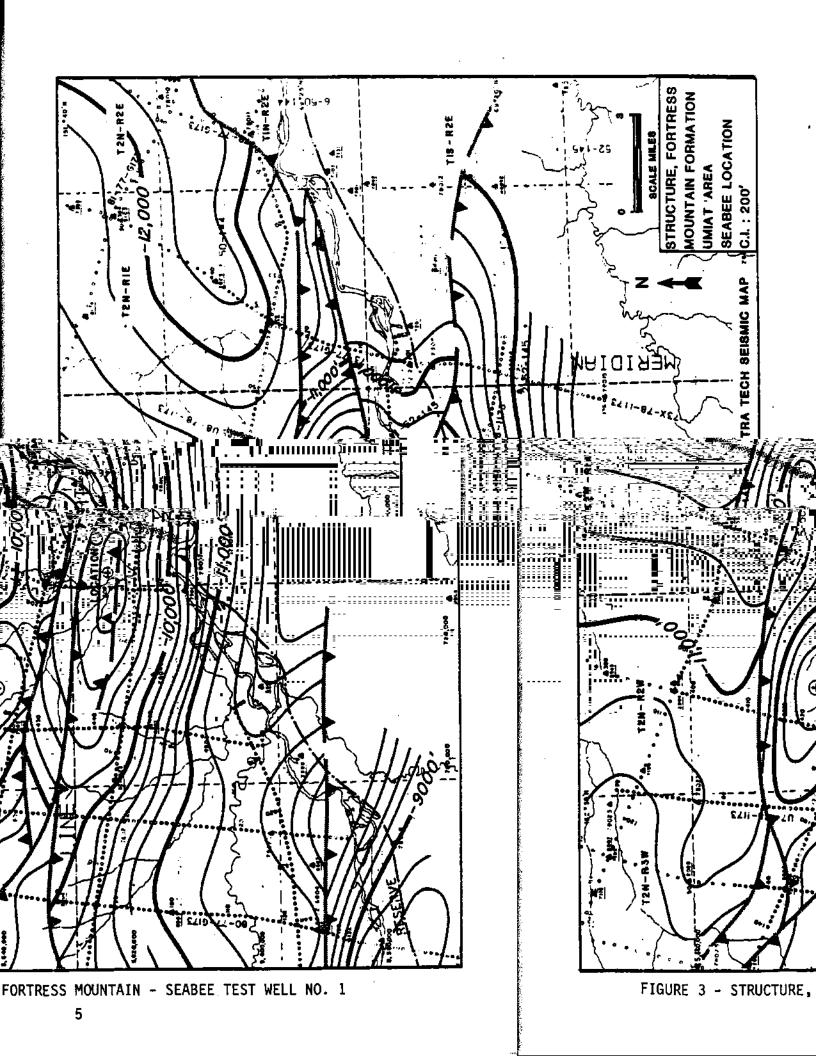
SE 1/4 PROTRACTED SEC. S. Y I S. R 1 ME ... UMAY MERIDAN,

HUSKY OIL

N.P.R. OPERATIONS INC.

Surveyed by
Bell, Herring and Associates
ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
301 West Fireweed, Suite 102
ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99503

04



#### WELLSITE GEOLOGIST'S REPORT BY RONALD G. BROCKWAY

#### SUMMARY

The Seabee Test Well No. 1, NE, SW, SE, protracted Section 5, T1S, R1W, Umiat Meridian, was spudded from under conductor casing on July 1, 1979

faulting with a corresponding repeated section, but the correlation limitations imposed by obtaining only a gamma ray log through this interval make it impossible to determine if this is true.

#### STRATIGRAPHY

#### WIRELINE TOPS

	DRILLED DEPTH (FEET BELOW KELLY BUSHING	SUBSEA KB 322'
UPPER-LOWER CRETACEOUS Nanushuk Group	115' Samples start	+207'
LOWER CRETACEOUS Torok Formation Fortress Mountain Formation "Pebble Shale"	3,405' 7,644' 13,005'	-3,083' -7,322' -12,683'
TOTAL DEPTH	15,611'	-15,289'

#### **CRETACEOUS**

#### Nanushuk Group: 115-3405'

The Nanushuk Group is composed of three units, an upper sandstone, a middle siltstone and a lower sandstone and siltstone.

The upper unit (115-1485') contains sandstone beds varying in thickness from a few inches to 120', with interbedded siltstones and shales reaching thicknesses of 75'. The sandstones are light gray to "salt and pepper", fine to very fine grained, subangular, and medium sorted. Scattered fossil fragments are present. Porosity ranges from 0 to 20%, but is generally in the 3% to 10% class. Hydrocarbon shows, predominantly confined to the upper 800' of the unit, exhibit good to poor staining, light bluish-yellow to dull yellow fluorescence with a predominantly slow cut in chloroethane under a black light, and some small gas readings on the chromatograph.

Beds associated with the sandstones are characterized by light gray to dark brownish-gray, slightly carbonaceous, micaceous siltstones and medium gray to gray-brown slightly carbonaceous, silty, slightly bentonitic shales with occasional siderite nodules.

The sands compose approximately 47% of the unit with siltstones equaling 30% and shale 23%.

Siltstone comprises about 78% of the middle unit (1485-2553') of the Nanushuk with about 15% being sandstone beds. The remaining 7% is shale. The siltstones are light to dark gray and gray-brown, micaceous,

> The lower unit (2553-3405') is characterized by thin sandstones with thicknesses up to 25', siltstones, very thin bedded shales and occasional coal partings. The thicker sands are located in the upper .250'; kanustans deuts decomensorouressivery thirmen and stitter abwayard in the unit. These sands are very light gray to gray-brown, very fine: grained with occasional fine grained streaks, subangular, medium sorted, carbonaceous, silty, rarely siliceous and calcareous, clay filled with rare glauconite and occasional chert pebbles. Calcite-filled fractures appear moderately common below 2640'. Hydrocarbon shows were observed throughout with gas detected in the upper 250'. Two zones, 2588-2614' and 2656-2675', had 1,360 and 1,720 units of gas, respectively. Fluorescence observed was of the spotty variety with a faint cut in chloroethane.

Only about 38% of the unit is sandstone; gray-brown, carbonaceous, micaceous clay-filled siltstones make up 42%. The shales (20%) are gray-brown to medium gray, fissile, micromicaceous, occasionally pyritic, silty, and slightly carbonaceous.

Thin lignitic coal partings and stringers are scattered throughout the lower unit.

No cores were taken in the Nanushuk Group. Paleontology reports by Anderson, Warren and Associates, Inc. (AWA) have placed the interval 115-2340' in Early Cretaceous (Albian) AWA F-9 and F-10. The interval 2340-4110' has been listed as Late Aptian to Early Albian F-10.

The contact between the Nanushuk and the top of Torok Formation has been placed at 3405' as electric-log correlations indicate a change at this point. Also at this point, there is a marked decrease in sandstone and an increase in shales and siltstones, although descriptions of the sediments are much the same as those described in the Nanushuk.

A small reverse fault zone is present at 2680' with a short repeat section in the intervals 2530-2680' and 2680-2810'.

#### Torok Formation: 3405-7644'

Two members are included in the Torok Formation--an upper siltstone and sandstone member and a lower shale member.

The upper member, encompassing an interval of 1975', is dominated by brownish-gray, occasionally medium and dark gray siltstones which are micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, and pyritic; the pyrite usually occurs as inclusions or nodules. The siltstones obtain thicknesses up to 60', but generally have thin shale and sandstone stringers and laminations within them. Interbedded with the siltstones are thin sandstones as much as 6' thick and generally confined to the upper 1000' of the member, except for a 52' basal sand. Some thin medium dark gray shales are also interbedded with the siltstones.

The sandstone beds are light to medium gray, occasionally "salt and pepper", very fine grained, subangular, medium sorted, silty, carbonaceous, micaceous and tight. Many of the sands exhibit a slight hydrocarbon show characterized by spotty dull fluorescence and a slow very faint cut in chloroethane under a black light.

A basal sandstone of the upper unit was encountered in the interval 5336-5400' (DIL), which has a 14' upper zone separated from the lower zone by a 12' siltstone and shale interval. The sands are light gray, "salt and pepper", fine to very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, medium sorted, partially clay filled, carbonaceous and partly silty. Porosities range from 0 to 16% with the higher porosities in the lower 15'. Electric log computations indicate approximately 10' with fair to good porosity. Gas was tested from this sand at a maximum rate of 6.7 MMCFGPD, but slowly dropping pressures during the test indicate a depleting reservoir.

The lower member is predominantly shale with minor sandstone and siltstone beds confined to the lower 900'. Two cores were cut in this lower member, one at 5390-5402' and the other at 6541-6551'. The upper core was predominantly shale with interlaminated and interbedded sandstones. Apparent dips of 33° to well bore and some fracturing was observed. The lower core was 100% shale with apparent bedding dips of 19°. The shales of the lower member are dark gray-brown to medium gray, fissile to flaky in the upper portion, becoming harder downward, and carbonaceous, micromicaceous, and partly silty. Scattered pyrite inclusions and chert granules are also present.

Hydrocarbon shows were detected only in one sand interval of the lower unit at 6752-6778' and these were minor.

#### Fortress Mountain Formation: 7644-13,005'

Interbedded sandstones, siltstones and shales with occasional thin coal beds comprise the Fortress Mountain Formation. The sandstone beds rarely exceed 10' in thickness, except in two intervals 8925-9060' and 9690-9830', where beds are as much as 50' thick, although even these thicker beds have siltstone and shale interbeds. The sands vary from light gray to gray-brown in color and are fine to very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, rarely angular, silty, carbonaceous, clay filled, partially calcareous or slightly siliceous, and are generally tight with occasional slightly porous streaks. Slight shows of gas were detected in zones 8935-9060' and 11,230-11,700'.

Siltstones in the Fortress Mountain are generally thin bedded, light gray to gray-brown, occasionally dark gray, micaceous, and carbonaceous.

Shales which occur as thin interbeds with the sandstones and siltstones also become thick bedded. Colors are darker than those of the upper formations and vary from medium to very dark gray and occasionally black. They are fissile to slightly blocky, carbonaceous, micromicaceous, pyritic, and contain scattered chert granules, predominantly very dark gray and black. The thickest interval (9860-11,360') contains scattered thin limestone and maristone beds and laminations.

Lignitic to subbituminous coal beds and partings are scattered throughout the lower 2300' of the formation.

Three cores were cut in the Fortress Mountain at the following intervals: 10,068-10,098', 10,870-10,884', and 12,011-12,041'. The upper core contained interbedded siltstone and shale, and the second core consisted almost entirely of shale. Both had apparent bedding dips of 20°. The lower core had interbedded sandstone and shale with apparent dips of 13° to 15° in relation to the well bore.

The Fortress Mountain Formation is composed of about 22% sandstone, 33% siltstone and 45% shale.

Reverse faulting has occurred in this formation as exhibited by the thick repeated section observed in the interval 9170-10,500', which correlates with the interval 7710-9170'. It appears that a smaller fault is present within this section with a correlation of the interval 8774-8830' equal to 8716-8774'.

Anderson, Warren & Associates paleontology reports have placed both the Torok and Fortress Mountain in Early Cretaceous (probable Aptian) AWA Zone F-11.

"Pebble Shale": 13,005-15,611' Total Depth

The rocks of the "Pebble Shale" are almost entirely very dark gray to black shales that are fissile to slightly blocky, carbonaceous, micromicaceous, and occasionally slightly siliceous with pyrite inclusions and bands. One zone of 650' near the top of the formation has interbedded siltstones and sandstones. Scattered throughout the shales are foraminifera, floating rounded occasionally frosted quartz grains varying from fine sand to granule in size, light and dark chert granules and thin bentonite streaks. The bentonites are most prominent in the upper 180'. The top of the "Pebble Shale" was picked at 13,005' because of a definite change in the shales, high gamma ray readings and bentonite beds.

Conventional cores were taken at 13,207-13,236.6' and 14,577-14,607'. The first, taken in the interval with sandstone and siltstone interbeds, had bedding that was essentially horizontal to the core. Light gray, very fine

grained, glauconitic sandstone and gray-brown siltstones compose nearly all of the core. A slight show of hydrocarbons was detected in the sandstone stringers. Gas was encountered while circulating to come out of the hole with this core, necessitating a build-up of mud from 16.9 lbs. to 18.0 lbs. per gallon to control the gas.

The second core was entirely black shale with an apparent dip of approximately 20° to the core axis.

At the total depth of 15,611', the well was still drilling in these very dark gray to black shales.

Paleontology reports by Anderson, Warren & Associates, Inc. have placed the interval 13,100-15,610' into Early Cretaceous, Neocomian (undifferentiated).

It appears that some faulting may be present in this formation because of the excessive thickness of the Neocomian age strata in the Seabee No. 1 in comparison with other wells drilled in the NPRA. Only one electric log is available below 12,772', and it is a gamma-ray log which was run through the drill pipe. Bad hole conditions prevented the running of any other logs. There appears to be some repeat sections in the gamma-ray log.

#### STRUCTURAL DATA

The Seabee Test Well No. 1, drilled on the southern flank of the Umiat anticline in the southeast corner of NPRA, appears to be highly faulted as evidenced by the repeated sections occurring in the well. A major thrust fault was encountered at approximately 9170' where 1400' of section below this depth correlates with the interval 7710-9170'. Short repeat sections were observed in the intervals 2680-2810' and 8774-8830' correlating with the zones 2530-2680' and 8716-8774', respectively, on the Sonic and Dual Induction logs.

A study of the dipmeter log, which only reaches a depth of 9980', shows that there are four major changes of dip and several small reversals present. The beds dip in a south and slightly west direction at an average of 6-8° from surface to 2680'. At this point and extending to approximately 5000', dips change to a general north-northeast direction. Bedding dips vary from 12° to 35°. South and southwest dipping beds are indicated from 5300' to 8425' with an average of 6-7° in the lower 1000'. From 8425-8710', dip increases to 30-50° in a north direction. This high increase may be due to crossbedding in a siltstone-sandstone sequence. At 8710', dips decrease to 4-6° with a reversal to the southwest from 8774-8870'. Dips are somewhat scattered from 8870-9170' and vary in degrees, probably reading crossbedding in the sandstones present in this interval. Below 9170' to 9980', the strata dips to the north at 10-12°. It appears that there are four major faults at 2680', 5300', 8425' and 9170' with minor faulting occurring between them.

In the interval 2680' to 5300', there are three indications of faulting on the dipmeter, in addition to the repeat section already mentioned. These are at 3100', 3200' and 4700'. Some of the irregularities in dip and direction may be due to differential compaction, slump, distortion by faulting or crossbedding in the sandy sections.

The 745' interval between the faults at 8425' and 9170' appears to be highly faulted or distorted. Between 8600' and 8700', some change in direction and dip is noted and may indicate a questionable fault or slump. At 8774', a fault occurs as evidenced by the change in dip direction and a short repeated section. At 8870', another change in dip direction occurs and presumably another fault occurs here.

It is conceivable that after crossing the fault at 9170', a portion of the north-dipping flank of the Umiat anticline was drilled. This is somewhat supported by the change in direction of dip and by the even continuity of bedding dip from 9170-9980'. Although the general change in direction in dip occurs at 8425', the interval between 8425' and 9170' is highly faulted and the changes in dip may be attributed to this faulting or possibly a short section of the north flank may also have been present in this interval, depending on the positioning and movement of the fault at 9170'. With the large amount of faulting and movement evidenced by slickensides throughout the well, it is possible that the crest of the anticline has migrated to the north, possibly a mile or more.

No further dipmeter measurements were obtained below 9980'.

A study of the dual induction and sonic logs, which were the only logs available over the interval 9980-12,772', does not indicate any faulting or repeated sections.

Bad hole conditions limited the recovery of electrical logs below 12,772' to a gamma-ray log which was run through drill pipe. Because of the much greater thickness of the Neocomian age sediments over what was expected, it is concluded that faulting has probably occurred in the "Pebble Shale". This may be partially substantiated by the presence of open fractures observed in Core No. 6 (13,207-13,236.6') and common slickensides in Core No. 7 (14,577-14,607').

Very little correlation between the Seabee Test Well No. 1 and other wells in the Umiat area was established, other than the top of the Torok Formation, as most of the shallow wells were terminated in the basal part of the Nanushuk Group. Only the Umiat No. 1, NE NE SE, protracted Section 34, T1N, R1W, UM and Umiat No. 2, NE NE SE, protracted Section 3, T1S, R1W, UM, reached the Torok and these two wells did not drill the entire formation.

Correlation of the gas sand (5336-5400') in the Seabee No. 1 with the Umiat No. 1 or the Umiat No. 2 is questionable, but may correlate with either of two sands (3810-3834' or 4335-4365') in the Umiat No. 1 and a sand at 1870-1887', which is again repeated at 2425-2543' in the Umiat

No. 2. The only hydrocarbon shows in these sands were listed as a trace of gas on the indicator (USGS Prof. Paper 305-B, page 93) in the interval 3832-3834' in Umiat No. 1. The gas sand in the Seabee No. 1 is approximately three times thicker than the above-mentioned sands of the Umiat wells, which may be due to the fact that the fault noted at 5300' cuts this sand or has distorted it.

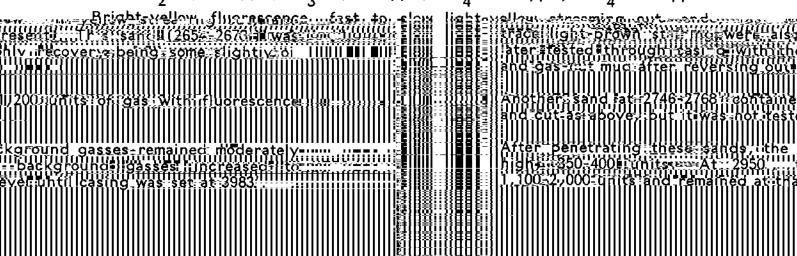
Correlation of deep wells in the area is limited to the Texaco No. 1 East Kurupa, NW SE SE, protracted Section 9, T7S, R6W, U.M., and the Inigok Test Well No. 1, SE SW NE, protracted Section 34, T8N, R5W, U.M., approximately 40 miles southwest and 55 miles north northwest. respectively (see Figure 1 & 4). The Torok top seems to be pretty well established, but the top of the Fortress Mountain is questionable. The Fortress Mountain, as picked in the Seabee No. 1, may be equivalent to the sandy zones which begin at approximately 8500' in E. Kurupa No. 1 and 7125' in Inigok No. 1. The "Pebble Shale" is readily distinguishable in both the Seabee and Inigok wells, but the Kurupa well was terminated before reaching this formation.

#### HYDROCARBON INDICATIONS

By use of microscope, ultraviolet light, chloroethane and hydrogen-flame chromatograph, the samples from the Seabee No. 1 were examined for hydrocarbon shows.

Hydrocarbon shows were detected throughout the Nanushuk Group with the better shows in the top 750' and lower 900'. Those of the upper zone were characterized by slight shows of gas, light to medium-yellow fluorescence, and generally slow to very slow cut in chloroethane with no visible staining. A sandstone from 285-332' had 300 units of gas and light-yellow fluorescence and appears to be the best of the upper zone. Although the lower 900' of the Nanushuk contained shows, only those in the upper 215' of this 900' merit mention. At 2552' interbedded sandstone and siltstone were encountered with gas shows of 410 units on the chromatograph. These increased to 1,360 units in a sand at 2588-2613' with faint light-yellow fluorescence, trace of light-yellow cut, and a very faint trace of staining. At 2656', a 19' slightly porous sand was penetrated that contained 1,720 units of gas with components of C<sub>1</sub> 60,000+

C<sub>2</sub> 8,400 ppm, C<sub>3</sub> 2,000 ppm,  $iC_A$  480 ppm,  $nC_A$  300 ppm.



Because the sands below 2768' are very thin bedded and have little or no porosity, it is assumed that the reason for the high background gasses below 2950' is bleeding gas from the upper sands or from the fault which has been postulated at 2680'.

Hydrocarbon shows in the Torok Formation were limited to two sandstones located at 5336-5400' and 6752-6777'. The upper sand, which had porosities up to 16% in the lower 15', had a gas kick of 2,990 units and caused the well to flow. The samples had spotty light and medium-yellow fluorescence, a slight cut, and no visible staining. Components of the gas were C<sub>1</sub> 60,000+ ppm, C<sub>2</sub> 10,000+ ppm, C<sub>3</sub> 3,610 ppm, iC<sub>4</sub> 998 ppm, nC<sub>4</sub> 1,085 ppm, and  $\mathrm{C}_5$  122 ppm. Two drill-stem tests were attempted at the time of drilling, but the packers failed on each. Tests were performed through casing after drilling of the hole was terminated. A 28' interval (5366-5394'), which had approximately 10' of effective porosity, was Maximum surface pressures recorded perforated and tested. Halliburton's Formation Testing Service Report were 2,900 psi on a 6/64" choke and 2,100 psi on a 17/64" choke with a maximum recovery of 6.7 MMCFGPD. It was later discovered that the chokes were washed out and these were then recalibrated (17/64" was actually 22,9/64") without any This zone is apparently a change in the maximum final recovery. high-pressure, low-volume depleting reservoir, as indicated by the slowly dropping pressures (2,200 psi to 2,100 psi in 4 1/2 hours) obtained during the test.

Scattered shows were observed throughout the Fortress Mountain Formation. These shows were almost totally gas and devoid of any fluorescence, cut, or staining, with the exception of an interval 12,680-12,800' where a very faint crush cut was observed. Starting at 9006', a 46' interbedded sandstone and siltstone interval was penetrated, which contained 2,500 units of gas. Because of poor reservoir qualities and lack of any shows other than gas, this zone was not tested.

Two thin (3-4') fractured limestones at 10,380' and 10,630' had 1,560 and 4,000 units of gas, respectively.

Hydrocarbon shows in the "Pebble Shale" were minor except for one occurrence which happened while circulating to come out of the hole with Core No. 6 (13,207-13,236.6'). Nine hundred seventy-seven units of gas were encountered; this required an increase of mud weight from 16.9 ppg to 18.0 ppg to kill the well. The very thin sandstones in the core were tight and dirty, therefore, it is presumed that the gas came from fractures which were observed at 13,207-13,209' and 13,222-13,223'.

In general, the reservoir qualities for hydrocarbon accumulation in the Seabee No. 1 are poor except for occasional sands in the upper 1200' of the Nanushuk Group and the one sand in the upper Torok.

#### CONCLUSIONS

A study of the electric logs, lithology, drill stem tests and structural conditions of the Seabee No. 1, indicates that any hydrocarbons to be

produced would be from the Nanushuk group sediments and occasional sands in the upper part of the Torok Formation.

The better hydrocarbon shows observed below the Nanushuk Group are associated with fracturing and faulting and are being generated from the shales of the Torok, Fortress Mountain and "Pebble Shale". Possibly some reservoir at a greater depth has been fractured and faulted to allow the upward migration of hydrocarbons.

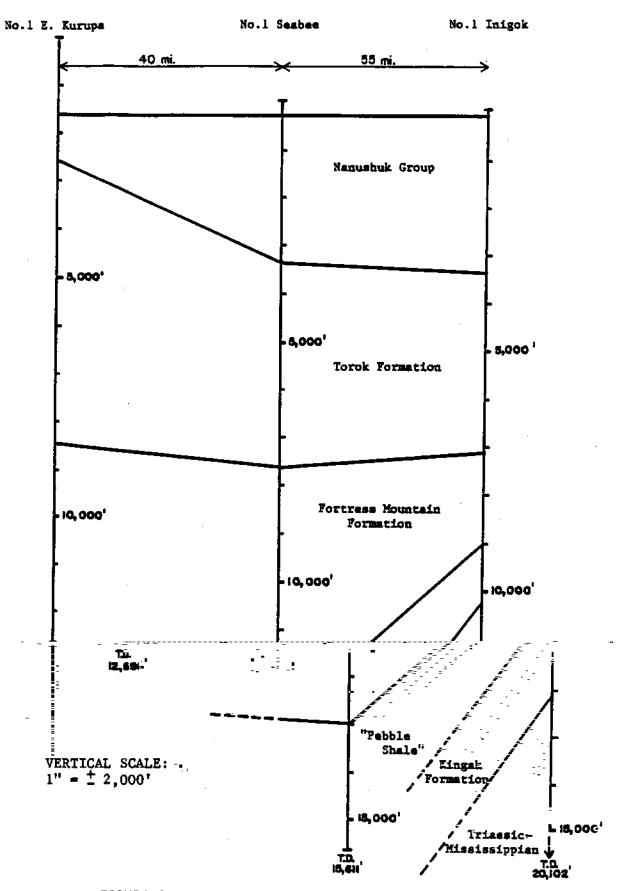


FIGURE 4 - CROSS SECTION - SEABEE TEST WELL NO. 1

# PERTINENT DATA/APPENDICES

# Appendix

Α.	Summary Pertinent Data, Operations Analysis	A-1-3
В.	Drill Cuttings and Core Descriptions	B-1-26
С.	Log Analysis (by Armour Kane) Report of August 6, 1979	C-1 C-2 C-3 C-4-7
D.	Logging Reports  Report of July 6, 1979	D-1 D-2 D-3 D-4 D-5 D-6
ε.	Drill Stem Test Reports  DST No. 1, August 6 & 7, 1979  DST No. 2, August 8 & 9, 1979  DST No. 3, April 8, 9, & 10, 1980  DST No. 4, April 13, 1980	E-1 E-2 E-3-4 E-5
F.	Fluid Analysis Gas Analysis Report, April 11, 1980 Analytical Report, April 11, 1980 Analytical Report, April 18, 1980 Crude Oil Analysis Report, April 22, 1980 Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980 Water Analysis Report, April 28, 1980 Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980 Gas Analysis Report, April 28, 1980 Gas Analysis Report, May 2, 1980	F-1 F-2 F-3 F-4 F-5 F-6 F-7 F-8 F-9 F-10
G.	Listing of Other Available Geological Data and Source of Other Geological and Well Data	G-1

#### SUMMARY PERTINENT DATA, OPERATIONS & ANALYSIS\*

WELL NAME:

Seabee Test Well No. 1

API NO.:

50-287-20007

**OPERATOR:** 

Husky Oil NPR Operations, Inc.

LOCATION:

1099' FSL, 1339' FEL

(SE 1/4) protracted Section 5, T1S, R1W

Umiat Meridian

North Slope Borough, Alaska

COORDINATES:

Latitude: 69°22'48.519" North Longitude: 152°10'31.291" West X = 735,330.26; Y = 5,626,140.68

Zone 5

**ELEVATION:** 

322' Kelly Bushing (KB); 292' Ground

CASING:

30" @ 115' 20" @ 1617' 13-3/8" @ 3983' 9-5/8" @ 9980'

7-5/8" @ 9661' to 12,814'

DATE SPUDDED:

July 1, 1979

DATE SUSPENDED:

August 21, 1979

DATE DRILLING

RECOMMENCED:

October 21, 1979

TOTAL DEPTH:

15,611 feet

DATE REACHED

TOTAL DEPTH:

March 14, 1980

DATE RIG RELEASED:

April 15, 1980

LOGGING RECORD:

 DIL/GR/SP, 2", 5"
 125-13,172'

 BHCS/GR/CAL/TTI, 2", 5"
 125-12,772'

 FDC/GR/CAL/RR
 125-12,785'

 CNL/FDC/GR/CAL
 125-12,785'

HDT Dipmeter (Correlation Curves)

Run 1 125- 1,618' Run 2 1,618- 4,008' Run 3 3,987- 9,987'

Temperature Log, Run 1 CBL/VDL/GR/CCL, Run 2 Perforating Record/CCL Gamma Ray Geogram Saraband Saraband Listing Saraband Saraband Listing CBL/VDL/GR/CCL Mudlog Pressure Analysis Log Wireline Data Pressure Log Drilling Data Pressure Log Temperature Data Log (Trend-Trend) Temperature Data Log (End-End) Data Tapes 1-11	100-12,750' 9,600-12,690' 2,652- 2,664' 12,700-15,490' Surface-12,772' 4,004- 6,450' 4,004- 6,450' 6,400- 9,940' 6,401- 9,932' 3,800- 9,876' 125-15,611' 125-15,611' 125-15,611' 125-15,611' 125-15,611' 125-15,611'
Misc. Data Tapes LIS Tape #60635	10-15,510'
LIS Tape #10707,60025	3,720-10,005
HDT Dipmeter - Arrow Plot	1,634- 3,990'
TID I DIPINCTO I ATTOM FIRE	4,112- 9,983'
HDT Dipmeter - Cluster Listing	1,634- 3,990'
The Pipilioto Citation Library	4,112-9,982'
Dipmeter Field Tapes, #10707,3602	4,002-8,012'
Dipmeter Field Tapes #3410	,
Dipmeter Field Tapes #3352	145- 1,591'
Salinity Saraband	130- 1,590'
Salinity Saraband, Tabular Listing	130- 1,590'
Saraband (Conventional)	1,628-3,991
Saraband (Conventional) Tabular Listing	1,628- 3,991'

SIDEWALL CORES: Run No. 1 - 24 shot, 23 recovered\*\*

### CONVENTIONAL CORES:

No.	<u>Interval</u>	Recovery	Rock Unit
1	5,390- 5,402'	12.0'	Torok
2	6,541- 6,551'	7.3'	Torok
3	10,068-10,098'	29.5'	Fortress Mountain
4	10,870-10,884	14.0'	Fortress Mountain
5	12,011-12,041'	30.0'	Fortress Mountain
6	13,207-13,236.6	27.7'	"Pebble Shale"
7	14.577-14.607	27.0'	"Pebble Shale"

## TESTS:

Four (4) Drill Stem Tests

Test No.	1		5340-5388';	Misrun
Test No.	2	•	5310-5402';	Misrun

Test No. 3

5366-5394'; Gas to surface in 4 minutes, maximum rate of 6.7 MMCFGPD

with pressure declining 100 PSI in 4-1/2 hours (see Appendix E for pressure and other details).

Test No. 4

2652-26641

Gas to surface in 9 minutes (TSTM); no fluid recovered (see Appendix E for pressures and other details).

STATUS:

Dry and abandoned

LING FOREMEN:

J. L. Thompson

Jim Brown

SITE GEOLOGISTS:

Ronald Brockway

Arlen Ehm

Richard V. Nelson

LOG ANALYST:

Armour Kane

LING CONTRACTOR:

Nabors Alaska Drilling, Inc., Rig 25

LOGGERS:

Exploration Logging

STRATIGRAPHIC

IALYSIS:

Anderson, Warren & Associates, Inc.

Copies and/or reproducibles of all geological data are available from:

> National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration EDIS/NGSDC (D62) 325 Broadway Boulder, CO 80303

Sidewall cores were utilized for various analyses including: lithology, paleontology, and geochemical. BIO Al

DRI

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WEL

DRI

MUD

# SEABEE TEST WELL NO. 1 DRILL CUTTINGS AND CORE DESCRIPTIONS

		BY	
R.	BROCKWAY	-	0- 5,388'
			10,004-11,510'
			12,570-13,930'
			14,185-14,565'
			15,191-15,610
Α.	EHM	-	5,388-10,004
			11,510-12,570
			13,930-14,185'
R.	Nelson	-	14,565-15,191'

NOTE: Samples are not adjusted to mechanical control.

No samples.

#### DEPTH DRILLED (FEET BELOW KELLY BUSHING)

0 - 115

115 -	170	Siltstone:						
		partly sand	ly, carbo	naceous	flakes,	with	thin	interbedded

sandstone and shale, inoceramus prisms.

- 170 174 Sandstone: light to medium gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, quartzose, trace of feldspar(?) grains, carbonaceous flakes, slightly calcareous, micaceous, argillaceous, slight porosity 0-8%, good yellow-white fluorescence, slow yellow cut, no visible stain, 54-60 units gas.
- 174 270 Siltstone: medium to light gray, moderately soft, argillaceous, micaceous, with thin interbedded shale and sandstone, occasional bentonite beds and calcite veins.
- 270 284 Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", fine grained, subangular, medium sorted, clay and silt cement.

carbonaseous, coal partings as within coal lilland coal predominantly quartzose argillite grains, porosity 10%, goo dominately slow fluorescence, some instant cut shows, prestain to moderately slow, light yellow; no visible

gray, slightly 284 - 288 Siltstone and Shale: medium to light brown, carbonaceous flakes.

- 288 330 Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", as above, 10-15% porosity, fluorescence, as above, becomes duller at 300', slow light-yellow cut, no visible stain, 225 units of gas.
- Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", slightly brown, very fine to fine grained, with occasional medium grained streaks, subangular, silty and clayey to slightly siliceous, tight to slightly porous, zones up to 20%, good light-yellow to dull-yellow fluorescence, slight light-yellow cut, no visible stain, thin interbedded shale and siltstone; 100 units of gas.
- 410 425 Siltstone: brownish-gray, partly sandy, slightly shaly, carbonaceous flakes, pyrite inclusions, with interbedded gray-brown, carbonaceous, silty shale; thin subbituminous coal partings.
- 425 435 Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper" to tan, fine to very fine grained, calcareous to clayey, silty, partly sideritic, carbonaceous, partly micaceous, rare glauconite grains, porous to tight, streaks with 15% porosity, scattered mineral fluorescence; no cut, no visible stain, 50 units of gas.
- 435 445 Siltstone: tannish-gray to gray, partly shaly, partly sandy, and Shale: brownish-gray, silty, slightly carbonaceous.
- Sandstone: light gray, salt and pepper to light brown, fine to medium grained, with very fine grained streaks, subangular to subrounded, calcareous to clayey, streaks slightly siliceous, carbonaceous, occasional chert grains, becomes slightly sideritic at 490', thin streaks with porosity up to 20%, friable, scattered light-yellow fluorescence, no visible stain or cut, interbedded with Shale: gray-brown, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly silty, and Siltstone: gray-brown, slightly carbonaceous, shaly to sandy; thin bentonite stringer 490-500'.
- Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", fine grained with occasional medium grained streaks, subangular, clayey, partly silty, carbonaceous, quartzose with chert and argillite grains, occasional green grains, noncalcareous, coal inclusions, 10-20% porosity, bright to medium-light-yellow fluorescence, no visible stain or cut.
- 570 676 Shale: gray-brown, slightly carbonaceous, partly silty, siderite partings and nodules, with Siltstone: brownish-gray, micaceous, shaly, slightly carbonaceous, and Sandstone: as above.

- 676 683 Sandstone: "salt and pepper", to light brown, medium to very fine grained, poor to medium sorted, silty, clayey, carbonaceous flakes and bands, partly micaceous, appears graded, partly iron stained, faint light-yellow fluorescence, slow to medium fast, medium-yellow cut, spotty light-brown stain.
- 683 695 Shale and Siltstone: gray-brown, carbonaceous, micaceous.
- 695 775 Sandstone: "salt and pepper" to gray, fine grained, subangular, partly siliceous, white clay cement, silty, argillite and coal grains, scattered chert grains, becomes fine to very fine at base, tight to slightly porous, occasional siderite nodules, very faint light-yellow fluorescence; no cut or visible stain, thin siltstone and shale beds at 760-780'.
- 775 846

  Siltstone: gray to brown, sandy to shaly, carbonaceous flakes, partly sideritic, with Shale: gray, gray-brown, carbonaceous, micaceous, thinly interbedded with Sandstone: light gray to gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular, occasional tan, brown and green grains, partly very silty, rare chert granules, siderite nodules common, thin brown silty limestone stringer 840-850'; no shows.
- 846 856 Sandstone: light gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular, clayey, silty, micaceous, calcareous, rare chert granules, tight; no shows.
- 856 916 Thin interbedded Sandstone, Siltstone and Shale: as above.
- 916 946 Sandstone: gray, light gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular, clayey, silty, micaceous, slightly siliceous, carbonaceous flakes and grains, streaks with slight porosity, scattered mineral fluorescence; no cut or stain, thin interbedded siltstone and shale.
- 946 1033 Siltstone: light to dark brownish-gray, micaceous, partly sandy, slightly carbonaceous, scattered pyrite inclusions, siderite nodules, with thin interbedded sandstone and shale, decreasing sand downwards.
- 1033 1056 Sandstone: tannish-gray, gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, clayey, micaceous, carbonaceous flakes, appears slightly siliceous, tight to slightly porous, occasional siderite grains, and Siltstone: light to dark gray-brown, tannish-gray, sandy, micaceous, slightly sideritic, rare Inoceramus prisms.

- 1056 1090 Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", fine grained with thin very fine grained streaks, partly silty, carbonaceous, clay and silica cement, streaks with 20% porosity, faint medium-yellow fluorescence; no cut, appears slightly stained at top, spotty, light brown, with thin interbedded siltstone and shale in upper 50 feet.
- 1090 1160 Sandstone: "salt and pepper", fine grained with medium grains common, subangular, quartzose with argillite, chert and occasional coal grains, light clay and silica cement, friable, porosity 15-20%; no cut, stain or fluorescence, grades downward to very fine grained at 1140', becoming silty with thin siltstone streaks at 1150-1160'.
- 1160 1225 Sandstone: as above, becomes fine grained, increasing clay, porosity decreasing downward, 15% to less than 5%.
- Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper" with gray streaks, fine to very fine grained, subangular, clayey, silty, slightly calcareous, carbonaceous, coaly partings, micaceous, siderite nodules, pyrite inclusions, rare glauconite, becomes partly tan and sideritic at 1270', tight to slightly porous; no fluorescence or visible stain, very slow faint dull-yellow cut, occasional siltstone stringers.
- 1330 1420 Sandstone: as above, becoming very fine grained, increasing silt and clay, slight increase in carbonaceous material, rare shell fragments and thin coal partings 1330-1340'.
- 1420 1450 Sandstone: gray, partly dark gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty to very silty, micaceous, shaly streaks, carbonaceous, trace of pyrite inclusions, dirty, tight; no shows, with thin gray to dark gray, sandy, shaly, carbonaceous siltstone and Shale: gray to dark gray, silty, micaceous, very slightly carbonaceous.
- 1450 1493 Sandstone: light to medium gray, with occasional dark gray streaks, predominantly very fine grained, with a few fine grained streaks, subangular, silty, clayey, carbonaceous, occasional tan and green grains, scattered pyrite inclusions, slightly micaceous, tight; no shows with thin interbedded and interlaminated siltstone and shale.
- **1493** 1630 Siltstone: medium to dark gray to gray-brown, shaly, carbonaceous, micaceous, trace of glauconite pellets at 1600-1610', with interbedded and interlaminated Sandstone: as above. and Shale: gray brownish-gray, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly silty, some very small gas peaks at 1565', 1583' and 1604'.

- Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, argillaceous, appears bentonitic, micaceous, carbonaceous flakes, rare green grains, occasional coal stringers, rare chert pebbles, thin interbedded fine and very fine grained streaks, occasional siltstone beds, trace shale, scattered fossil fragments, tight; no fluorescence or cut, 175 units gas.
- 1672 1814 Siltstone: gray-brown, partly light gray, slightly micaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions. scattered fossil fragments, with thin interbedded Sandstone: light gray to gray-brown, very fine to fine grained, silty, and Shale: brownish-gray to gray-brown, micaceous.
- 1814 1852 Sandstone: light gray, gray-brown, brownish-gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular to subrounded, silty, argillaceous, carbonaceous, slightly micaceous, pyrite inclusions, very thin bedded, tight, no fluorescence or cut, 315 units gas, with thin interbedded siltstone and shale, trace clear calcite, fracture fill, fossil fragments.
- Siltstone: brownish-gray to gray-brown, partly sandy, shaly, carbonaceous flakes, pyrite inclusions, fossil fragments, foraminifera, with thin interbedded Shale: gray-brown, micaceous, silty, carbonaceous flakes, and occasional Sandstone: thin, light gray to gray-brown, very fine to fine grained, subangular, rare chert granules, trace very light gray bentonite 1970-1990', increasing sandstone at 2080'.
- 2094 2103 Sandstone: light gray to tan, very fine to fine grained, subangular, calcareous, carbonaceous, micaceous, silty, tight, scattered dull-gold fluorescence, questionable cut; no visible stain, 385 units of gas, siltstone and shale beds at base.
- 2103 2180 Sandstone: light gray, light tannish-gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, noncalcareous, carbonaceous, silty, argillaceous, very slight porosity, 2103-2130', light yellow-gold to medium-yellow fluorescence, slight medium yellow cut; no visible stain, 400-850 units of gas, thin siltstone and shale laminations, fluorescence becomes spotty and dull-yellow at 2130', and sandstone becomes very fine grained with increasing siltstone and shale at 2180'.
- 2180 2387 Sandstone: light gray to light brownish-gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, argillaceous, micaceous, carbonaceous flakes, occasional pyrite inclusions, with thin interbedded and interlaminated Siltstone: light to

medium brownish-gray, micaceous, shaly, siderite nodules, carbonaceous flakes, and Shale: medium to medium dark brownish-gray, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly silty.

- 2387 2540 Siltstone: brownish-gray, micaceous, argillaceous to shaly, slightly carbonaceous, occasional pyrite inclusions, with thin interbedded Sandstone: light gray, light brownish-gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, argillaceous, slightly micaceous, rare glauconite, tight, and Shale: brownish-gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, partly silty, trace clear calcite, thin veins.
- 2540 2585 Sandstone: light gray, gray, occasionally salt and pepper, very fine grained with occasional fine grained streaks, subangular to subrounded, silty, carbonaceous, rare glauconite, tight, faint light-yellow fluorescence; no cut or stain, becomes spotty and dull-yellow, with interbedded Siltstone: brownish-gray to gray, pyrite inclusions, micaceous, carbonaceous.
- 2585 2605 Sandstone: light to very light gray, very fine to fine grained, subrounded to subangular, micaceous, dark chert and argillite grains, occasional light altered grains, carbonaceous, argillaceous, appears tight, faint light-yellow fluorescence, trace light-yellow cut, very faint stain, 1,400 units of gas.
- 2605 2640 Sandstone: as above, with interbedded Siltstone and Shale: light-yellow fluorescence, spotty, very slight medium-yellow cut; no visible stain.
- Sandstone: very light gray to medium gray, very fine to fine grained, thin bedded, subangular to subrounded, partly silty, carbonaceous, trace glauconite, appears slightly siliceous, streaks with slight porosity, bright-yellow and dull-yellow fluorescence, fast to slow medium-yellow cut, trace of light brown stain, 1,600 units of gas at 2640', thin shale and siltstone beds, calcite filled fractures or veins throughout, common below 2800', becomes siliceous at 2835'.
- 2840 2847 Sandstone: as above, becoming siliceous, occasional calcareous streaks, scattered chert chips, gray to very light gray, rare trace of quartzite.
- 2847 3009 Sandstone: brownish-gray, light gray, light brown, fine grained with very fine grained streaks, occasional medium grained stringers, subangular to subrounded, thin bedded, chert, argillite and carbonaceous grains, scattered glauconite and chlorite grains, occasional

calcareous streaks, slightly silty, clayey, carbonaceous and coal partings, thin porous streaks up to 10%, bright to dull-yellow fluorescence, fast to slow light and medium-yellow cut, spotty light brown stain, thin interbedded and interlaminated Siltstone and Shale: brownish-gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous.

- 3009 3021 Sandstone: light gray to gray-brown, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, clayey, rare glauconite, slightly porous, bright and dull-yellow fluorescence, slight cut, spotty stain, 1,500 units of gas.
- 3021 3130 Sandstone: as above, with thin interbedded and interlaminated Shale and Siltstone: brownish-gray to gray-brown, scattered pyrite inclusions, micaceous, rare foraminifera, occasional coal partings, spotty medium and dull-yellow fluorescence, very slight cut, no visible stain, occasional calcite filled fractures.
- 3130 3144 Sandstone: light gray to light brown, very fine to fine grained, with occasional medium grained streaks, subangular to subrounded, partly calcareous, clayey, micaceous, scattered chert and argillite grains, rare glauconite, trace of porosity, spotty bright and medium-yellow fluorescence, slight cut; no visible stain, calcite filled fractures.
- 3144 3330 Sandstone: light brown to gray-brown, very fine grained occasional with fine grained streaks, carbonaceous, clayey, micaceous, occasional inclusions, scattered streaks with porosity, dull-yellow with occasional bright-yellow spotty fluorescence, slight cut, spotty stain, thin interbedded and interlaminated and Shale: gray-brown, carbonaceous, thin coal stringers and partings, occasional calcite filled fractures, increasing siltstone and shale at 3250'.
- 3330 3460 Sandstone: thin bedded and interlaminated, light gray to light gray-brown, very fine and fine grained streaks, subangular, clayey to shaly, silty, carbonaceous, tight, micaceous, rare glauconite grains, dull-yellow fluorescence, spotty stain, very faint cut, with Siltstone: gray-brown, micaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, and Shale: gray-brown to brown, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly fissile, with streaks of claystone, occasional calcite fractures, scattered light and dark chert granules, rare coal partings, thin bentonite stringers 3410-3460'.

- 3460 3470 Sandstone: very light to light gray, very fine to fine grained, rare chips with medium grains, subrounded to subangular, clayey, carbonaceous, trace of pyrite, slight porosity, friable, medium to dull-yellow fluorescence, slow cut, spotty stain, trace of gas.
- 3470 3560 Sandstone: very thin bedded and interlaminated, light gray to light brown, fine to very fine grained, trace of medium grained, subangular, silty, clayey, carbonaceous, occasionally slightly siliceous, spotty light to dull-yellow fluorescence, fast cut on light-yellow fluorescence, slow otherwise, spotty stain. with Siltstone and Shale: gray-brown to brown-gray, micaceous. sliahtly carbonaceous, scattered light and dark chert granules, pyrite inclusions, occasional thin bentonite stringers.
- 3560 3710 Siltstone: brownish-gray to gray-brown, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, with thin interbedded Sandstone and Shale: as above, pyrite inclusions, scattered chert granules, occasional bentonite stringers and calcite veins.
- 3710 4009 Sandstone, siltstone and shale, very thin interbedded and interlaminated: Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine to fine grained, rare medium grained streaks, subangular, silty, clayey, micaceous, carbonaceous, tight; Siltstone: gray-brown to dark brownish-gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous; Shale: gray-brown to dark brownish-gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, pyrite throughout, occasional calcite veins or fracture fillings, bentonite stringers, scattered Inoceramus fragments, siderite nodules and light and dark chert granules, spotty light and dull-yellow fluorescence throughout, light yellow has light bluish-yellow streaming cut; no visible staining.
- Siltstone: interbedded and interlaminated, gray-brown, trace of light gray, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly sandy, pyrite inclusions, with Shale: gray-brown to dark gray, micaceous, partly silty, and Sandstone: light gray to gray-brown, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, partly clayey, partly friable and porous, trace of coal, spotty light-yellow fluorescence, fair to slow medium-yellow cut, trace of light brown stain, small amounts of gas present; sample 75-80% cement.
- 4272 4295 Shale: medium dark gray, micromicaceous, fissile, partly silty, rare carbonaceous flakes, with interbedded Siltstone: medium to dark gray, slightly carbonaceous and occasional sandstone stringers.

- 4295 4310 Interbedded Sandstone: light gray, medium gray, very fine grained with occasional fine grained streaks, subangular, silty, clayey, occasional streaks with slight porosity, rare spotty fluorescence; no cut or stain, and Siltstone: as above.
- 4310 4570 Sandstone: very light to medium gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty streaks, slightly siliceous, trace of mica, rare glauconite, carbonaceous flakes, pyrite inclusions, streaks with porosity up to 10%, spotty medium to dull-yellow fluorescence; no cut or visible stain, occasional thin interbedded and interlaminated siltstones and shales; thicker siltstone and shale interbeds 4510-4550', occasional fracture with very fine crystalline, anhydrite and quartz filling.
- Sandstone: light to medium gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, clayey to silty, slightly siliceous, carbonaceous, coal grains and occasional chips, scattered graines, scattered pyrites inclusions, streaks with slight porosity, trace of scattered dul yellow fluorescence; no cut or stain, interbedded with Siltstone: medium gray to brownish-gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, and Shale: medium dark gray, micromicaceous, partly fissile, occasional fractures with very fine crystalline, anhydrite or quartz.
- 4670 5027 Siltstone: medium to dark gray-brown, micaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, interbedded with Shale: dark brownish-gray to dark gray, micromicaceous, carbonaceous flakes, fissile, and minor Sandstone: light-gray to gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, clayey, carbonaceous, occasional coal grains, scattered light and dark chert granules; increasing sandstone at 4930'.
- 5027 5082 Sandstone and Siltstone: interbedded with minor shales, Sandstone: light gray to medium gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, carbonaceous, argillaceous, silty, micaceous, occasional scattered chert granules; Siltstone: dark gray-brown to brownish-gray, micaceous, and Shale: dark gray-brown to dark gray, micaceous, fissile.
- 5082 5310 Siltstone and shale, with minor Sandstone: as above, scattered chert granules and pebbles, occasional loose medium and coarse quartz, chert and feldspar(?) grains, trace of coal, probably thin partings, pyrite inclusions.
- 5310 5340 Sandstone, siltstone and shale interbedded; Sandstone: light gray, "salt and pepper", gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, argillaceous, carbonaceous,

rare scattered fluorescence, faint light-yellow; no cut or stain, Siltstone and Shale: gray-brown, brownish-gray, micaceous, carbonaceous.

Sandstone: "salt and pepper", light gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, clay cement, partly silty, carbonaceous and argillite grains, occasional coal chips, friable, scattered medium to dull-yellow fluorescence, very slight cut; no visible stain, porosity varies from 0% to 15%, 2,990 units gas at 5376'; well flowed at 5388'.

5388 - 5390 As above.

5390 - 5402 Core No. 1: Cut 12', Recovered 12'

5390.0-5402.0' (12.0') Sandstone and shale, interbedded to highly fractured and interlaminated, brecciated; Sandstone: medium gray to light medium gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, poorly sorted, clay filled, "dirty" in appearance, silty in part, predominantly quartz with some dark rock fragments, noncalcareous, fair to poor porosity; Shale: dark gray to black, blocky to platy, waxy noncalcareous. moderately well indurated, firm to soft; core is predominantly small fragments and rubble; good bedding attitude of 33° measured at 5400', some tarry residue at 5393' with dull-gold cut fluorescence, fluorescence, cut or odor: entire interval is approximately 40% sandstone and 60% shale.

5402 - 5470 As above, becomes more shalp and less sandy; shale constitutes from 60-90% of the rock.

5470 - 6100 As above, with 90% shale; 5% sandstone and 5% siltstone.

6100 - 6541 As above, with 60-70% shale, 10-20% sandstone and 10-20% siltstone.

6541.0-6548.3' Shale: dark gray, hard, well indurated, subfissile to platy, slightly carbonaceous, micromicaceous, silty, very slightly calcareous, very minor

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structural deformation, no depositional structures	
3.3-6551.0' No recovery. 2.7')	
le: medium gray, firm to hard, subfissile, romicaceous, silty in part; trace of crystalline pyrite, e pyrite spheres, trace of gray, green, and black rt granules.	6551 - 6768 s
le: as above, Sandstone: medium gray to buff, fine medium grained, very slightly calcareous, firm to d, very poorly sorted, very slightly calcareous, slight tered yellow fluorescence; no odor, stain or cut; imum gas 1,350 units at 6785'; Siltstone: gray to wnish-gray, firm to hard, laminated with shale tings, micromicaceous; 50% sandstone, 40% shale and siltstone.	6768 - 6798 S
le, Siltstone and Sandstone: as above; siltstone reasing in abundance, shale increasing in abundance, asional trace of dead oil stain; no odor, fluorescence cut, trace of pale yellow cut fluorescence; 10-20% dstone, 10-50% siltstone, 10-50% shale.	6798 - 7600 S
dstone, Siltstone and Shale: as above; sandstone 70%, siltstone 15-45%, shale 15-45%; trace of light gray grayish-green tuffaceous sandstone, occasional trace of d oil stain, as above.	7600 - 7935
le, Siltstone and Sandstone: as above; shale 20-45%, stone 20-45%, sandstone 5-60%, generally 10-20%; no ws of hydrocarbons.	7935 - 8450 S
le and Siltstone: as above, with minor sandstone; le 45-90%, siltstone 10-50%, trace to 20%, generally less n 5%; no shows of hydrocarbons.	8450 - 8955
dstone, Shale and minor Siltstone: as above; dstone 40%, shale 40%, siltstone 20%, 480 units of gas n very slightly porous sandstone.	8955 - 8975 9
le, Siltstone and Sandstone: as above; shale 40-60%, stone 10-20%, and sandstone 20-40%; no gas shows.	8975 - 9005
dstone, Shale and minor Siltstone: as above; dstone bed about 5' thick, 525 units of gas.	9005 - 9010
le and Siltstone with minor Sandstone: as above.	9010 - 9022

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Sandstone and silty Shale: as above; sandstone 40-80%, 9022 - 9173 silty shale 20-60%; 2,500 units of gas at 9050'; 4,900 units circulated up from trip at 9038'. Silty Shale and minor Sandstone: as above. 9173 - 9190 Sandstone and silty Shale: as above. 9190 - 9205 Silty Shale and minor Sandstone: as above. 9205 - 9237 Sandstone, Shale and Siltstone: as above. 9237 - 9255 Shale, Siltstone and minor Sandstone: as above. 9255 - 9265 Sandstone, Shale and Siltstone: as above. 9265 - 9355 Shale, Siltstone and minor Sandstone: as above. 9355 - 9365 9365 - 9385 Sandstone, Shale and Siltstone: as above. Shale, Siltstone and Sandstone: as above. 9385 - 9395 9395 - 9400 Sandstone, Shale and Siltstone: as above. Shale, Siltstone and Sandstone: as above. 9400 - 9618 Sandstone, Siltstone and Shale: interbedded, as above. 9618 - 9760 Sandstone, Siltstone and Shale: interbedded, as above; 9760 - 9800 sandstone becoming fine grained, moderately calcareous, rare to common medium grained, loose grains, predominantly quartz, subangular to subrounded. Sandstone, Siltstone and Shale: interbedded, as above, 9800 -10,004 with minor Limestone: moderate brown to brownish-gray, very fine grained, lithographic, hard, argillaceous. 10,004-10,045 dark gray, slightly brown, micaceous, slight to Shale: moderately fissile, slightly carbonaceous, occasional black and dark gray chert granules, occasional quartz grains and granules, siltstone laminations; trace of sandstone. shaly, micaceous, slightly 10,045-10,068 Siltstone: dark gray, carbonaceous, interbedded shale. increasing sandstone thin sandstone beds 10,060-10,065', shale stringer 10,065-10,068'. Core No. 3: Cut 30', Recovered 29.5' 10,068-10,098 10,068.0-10,070.0 Shale: dark fissile, very gray, disseminated (2.0')micaceous, silty,

crystals and very fine crystalline pyrite inclusions, large flakes of coaly, carbonaceous material, grades downward to siltstone.

10,070.0-10,073.9' (3.9') Siltstone: very dark gray, grading to gray at base, very shaly at top, grading to argillaceous at base, micaceous, carbonaceous debris and flakes, occasional pyrite inclusions.

10,073.9-10,078.5' (4.6')

dark and dark gray, Shale: very partly silty, fissile, partly flaky, inclusions, trace of pyrite flakes, carbonaceous coaly carbonaceous material, micaceous, breaks on 20° planes.

10,078.5-10,080.0' (1.5') Siltstone: dark gray, shaly, micaceous, occasional pyrite inclusions, coarse carbonaceous material and flakes, shale inclusions at 10,079'.

10,080.0-10,082.2' (2.2')

Shaie: dark gray, very siity, micaceous, carbonaceous flakes common on bedding planes, pyrite inclusions.

10,082.2-10,083.0' (0.8')

Siltstone: gray, firm, argillaceous, dark shale laminations.

10,083.0-10,095.0' (12.0') Shale: dark and very dark gray, very silty slightly silty, to carbonaceous, occasional siltstone laminations, fissile and slightly flaky, inclusions, occasional pyrite micaceous. some very large carbonaceous fragments, closed hairline fracture 10.086.81: at Inoceramus prisms, 80° fracture with quartz filling at 10,090.4-10,092.3', shale becomes very silty at 10,092.0', fish(?) tooth at 10,094.0-10,095.0'.

10,095.0-10,097.0' (2.0')

Siltstone: dark gray and gray, shaly, slightly siliceous, micaceous, slightly sandy, carbonaceous flakes, occasional pyrite inclusions, thin shale partings, appears to be very thin bedded, possibly crossbedded.

10,097.0-10,097.5' Shale: black, very carbonaceous, (0.5') micaceous, fissile, breaks on 20° plane.

10,097.5-10,098.0' No recovery. (0.5')

- 10,098-10,225 Shale, siltstone and sandstone, thinly interbedded; Shale: dark to very dark gray, fissile, micromicaceous, slightly carbonaceous, occasional light and dark chert pebbles; Siltstone: light to dark gray, micaceous, carbonaceous, partly shaly; Sandstone: light gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, micaceous, carbonaceous, tight.
- 10,225-10,332 Sandstone: gray, slightly brown, very fine to fine grained, occasional medium grains, chert granules, very silty, subangular, calcareous, carbonaceous, micaceous, hard, tight, no fluorescence or cut; 158 units of gas.
- 10,332-10,387 Shale: dark gray to gray-black, micromicaceous, fissile, very slightly carbonaceous, trace of light gray bentonitic shales and very light gray bentonites, increasing sandstone at 10,330'.
- 10,387-10,391 Limestone: dark brownish-gray, hard, cryptocrystalline, very argillaceous, siliceous, fractures with quartz and calcite filling, dark brown staining on fractures, no fluorescence or cut; 1,560 units of gas.
- Shale, siltstone, sandstone, limestone and mudstone 10,391-10,635 dark gray to gray-black, partly interbedded; Shale: very carbonaceous, micromicaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, very slightly calcareous, trace of bentonitic shale; Siltstone: light to dark gray, slightly sandy to carbonaceous micaceous, flakes, calcareous; Sandstone: light gray, very fine grained, subangular, very silty micaceous, calcareous, carbonaceous, tight, thin gray-brown, very argillaceous, limestone and maristone stringers 10,460-10,490'.
- 10,635-10,640 Sandstone: light brownish-gray, light gray, very fine grained, subangular, quartzose, silty, calcareous, carbonaceous grains, trace of mica, tight, no shows.
- 10,640-10,648 Shale: dark brownish-gray to very dark gray, micaceous, very carbonaceous streaks, trace of coaly plant remains.
- 10,648-10,653 Limestone: gray-brown, cryptocrystalline to slightly earthy, argillaceous to very argillaceous, slightly siliceous, hard, tight, fractures with fine to medium

crystals, partly tabular, dolomite and quartz, trace of dark stain on fractures, no fluorescence, very slow faint light medium-yellow cut, trace of gilsonite, very faint medium-yellow cut, 4,000 units of gas.

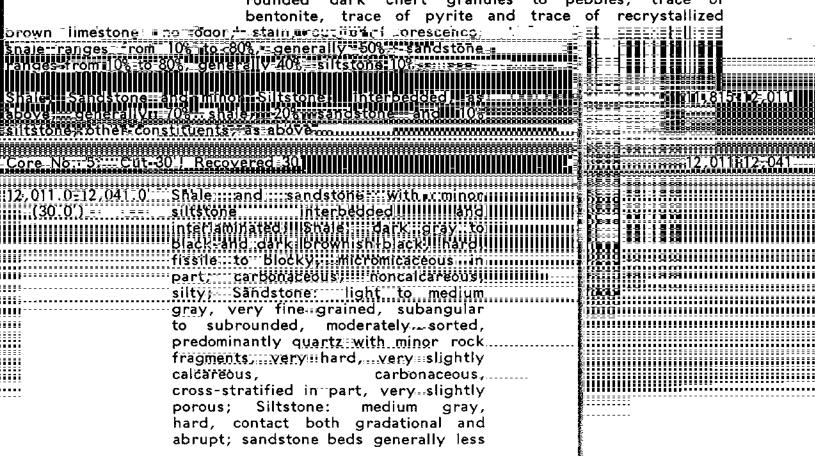
- 10,653-10,704 Shale: dark to very dark gray with streaks of black, fissile, partly gray-brown and calcareous, trace of chips and pyrite, thin interbedded siltstones, trace of sandstone.
- 10,704-10,707 Limestone: as above.
- 10,707-10,712 Sandstone: gray, very fine grained, partly fine grained, subangular, silty, partly shaly, carbonaceous, slightly micaceous, tight, no show.
- 10,712-10,729 Shale: dark to very dark gray with black streaks and very carbonaceous, micaceous, fissile, occasional pyrite inclusions and limestone nodules.
- 10,729-10,737 Claystone and Siltstone: light gray-brown, calcareous, micaceous, disseminated pyrite, fractures with calcite and quartz filling, trace of coal, possible weathered zone.
- 10,737-10,763 Shale: brownish-gray to very dark gray with very carbonaceous black streaks, trace of coal, partly silty, trace of pyrite, interlaminated siltstone.
- 10,763-10,798 Shale: dark to very dark gray, gray-black, micaceous to very micromicaceous, pyrite inclusions, carbonaceous, fissile, rare coal chips, interbedded siltstone and sandstone, trace of very light gray bentonite.
- 10,798-10,803 Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, silty, carbonaceous, very slightly calcareous, tight, no show.
- 10,803-10,870 Shale: as above, thin interbedded Sandstone: as above.
- - 10,870.0-10,884.0 Shale: very dark gray, fissile to (14.0')partly flaky, very silty streak at micromicaceous, top, fine carbonaceous residue and plant remains, partly pyritic, occasional scattered pyrite crystals occasional very fine crystalline pyritized foraminifera 10,877.0-10,878.0', dark gray

siltstone stringer with bentonite partings 10,873-10,873.4', apparent bedding dip approximately 20°.

- 10,884-10,898 Shale: very dark gray, fissile to partly flaky, micromicaceous, pyrite inclusions, gray-brown marlstone stringers 10,890-10,898', bentonite stringers.
- 10,898-10,906 Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine grained, subangular, medium sorted, silty, calcareous, carbonaceous, clayey, slightly micaceous, predominantly tight, occasional streaks with slight porosity; no shows.
- 10,906-11,015 Shale: very dark gray, fissile, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, occasional thin very light gray bentonite stringers, scattered partings of light brownish-gray marlstone 10,910-10,970', occasional coal chips 10,970-10,990', rare black chert granules, thin sandstone and siltstone interbeds, trace of clear angular quartz fracture fill.
- 11,015-11,033 Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, medium sorted, silty, clayey, slightly calcareous, tight to very slightly porous streaks; no shows, trace of quartz filled fractures, siltstone stringers.
- 11,033-11,080 Shale: thin bedded, very dark gray, as above; Sandstone: as above; and Siltstone: gray to very dark gray, carbonaceous, very slightly calcareous, sandstone beds to 5' thick.
- 11,080-11,140 Shale: very dark gray, fissile, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, silty streaks, pyrite inclusions, scattered chert granules, thin siltstone beds, occasional sandstone stringer, trace of coal 11,100-11,120', shale becomes slightly blocky and moderately hard 11,120-11,130'.
- 11,140-11,152 Sandstone: gray to light gray, very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, clayey, slightly calcareous, silty, carbonaceous, argillite grains, micaceous, rare glauconite and fine pyrite inclusions, tight, shale and siltstone interbeds.
- 11, 152-11, 256 Shale: very dark gray, fissile to slightly blocky, micaceous, carbonaceous, occasional pyrite inclusions, interbedded with Siltstone: gray to dark gray, slightly calcareous, carbonaceous, partly slightly micaceous, occasional sandstone stringer, thin gray-brown and gray-brown, limestone and maristone stringers 11,190-11,210', trace of light gray bentonite and coal partings 11,190-11,230'.

- 11,256-11,260 Claystone: light tannish-gray, calcareous, partly marly, firm, siliceous, carbonaceous flakes, scattered pyrite crystals.
- 11,260-11,336 Shale: dark very dark to gray, micaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, with occasional dark brownish-gray, slightly calcareous stringers and black, very carbonaceous streaks, interbedded Siltstone: to dark gray, slightly carbonaceous, micaceous; thin dark gray-brown maristone beds, trace of arenaceous foraminifera(?).
- Siltstone: dark gray-brown, gray, very dark gray, slightly calcareous, carbonaceous, with interbedded Shale: very dark gray to dark gray-brown, fissile to slightly blocky, micaceous, partly calcareous, trace of maristone, occasional black, very cardonaceous streaks, and Sandstone: gray; light gray, very fine grained; medium-soried; subangular; slightly calcareous, clayey; silty, rare glauconite, tight; no show.
- 11;388-11,396: Sandstone: light: to medium gray, very fine grained, with occasional fine-grains, subangular, medium sorted; silty, slightly siliceous, clay filled, carbonaceous, argillitegrains, slightly porous-streaks, trace of gas, no-fluorescence or cut.
- 11,396-11,404 Siltstone: light: to: dark: gray, and Shale: dark to- very dark gray.
- 11,404-11,414 Sandstone: as above, with shale and siltstone laminations.
- 11,414-11,426 Siltstone and Shale: as above.
- 11,426-11,435 Sandstone: as above.
- 11,435-11,445 Shale: dark to very dark gray, trace of brownish-gray, partly silty, micaceous, carbonaceous, with interbedded Siltstone: light to dark gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous.
- 11,445-11,452 Sandstone: light gray, fine grained, partly very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, silty, argillaceous, siliceous, carbonaceous, argillite grains, slightly porous; no show or cut.
- 11,452-11,475 Interbedded Siltstone: light to dark gray, trace of gray-brown, slightly carbonaceous, micaceous, with Shale: dark to very dark gray, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, and minor Sandstone: as above.

- 11,475-11,483 Sandstone: as above.
- 11,483-11,497 Shale, Siltstone and Sandstone: interbedded, as above.
- 11,497-11,505 Sandstone: light gray, fine to very fine grained, subangular to subrounded, silty, slightly siliceous, argillaceous, slightly calcareous, carbonaceous, argillite grains, slight porosity.
- 11,505-11,510 Siltstone: light to dark gray, partly slightly calcareous, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, and Shale: dark to very dark gray, partly silty, trace of coal.
- shale siltstone interbedded; 11,510-11,815 Sandstone. and minor Sandstone: light gray, fine to very fine grained, predominantly subrounded, generally poorly predominantly quartz, minor rock fragments, argillaceous, slightly to moderately calcareous, slightly porous, firm to friable, abundant loose medium sized quartz sand grains, medium gray to dark gray, hard, very slightly calcareous, micromicaceous, fissile, grading to siltstone; Siltstone: light to dark gray and minor brownish-gray, micromicaceous and carbonaceous in part; trace of well rounded dark chert granules to pebbles, trace of



than 8" thick, maximum to 21", load casts, fossils (pelecypod?), near vertical fracture with secondary quartz crystals at 12,028', rare light gray-green tuff lamination; no odor, stain, cut or fluorescence.

- 12,041-12,395 Shale, Sandstone and Siltstone: interbedded, as above; sandstone 10-60%; shale 30-80%; siltstone 10%; no odor, stain, cut or fluorescence.
- 12,395-12,570 Shale, Sandstone and Siltstone: interbedded, as above; apparently in well developed beds of sandstone 5-10' thick.
- 12,570-12,667 Shale: very dark gray, micromicaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, trace of fine shell fragments and possible foraminifera, pyrite inclusions, with thin interbedded and interlaminated Sandstone: light gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous, silty, white clay cement, beds to 7' thick; and Siltstone: medium to very dark gray, micaceous, partly shaly, slightly carbonaceous.
- 12,667-12,725 Shale: very dark gray to black, occasionally dark brownish-gray, partly carbonaceous, micromicaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, slightly silty, fractures with angular quartz crystal filling, appears to be slightly porous along fractures, occasional chips with slickensides, occasional chip very slowly bleeding gas, slight light medium yellow crush cut fluorescence, 1,300 unit gas kick at 12,667', thin coal stringers 12,665-12,670', occasional rounded chert granules, light gray to black, trace of very fine grained sandstone and siltstone.
- 12,725-12,745 Sandstone: very thin interbedded and interlaminated, light to dark gray, very fine grained, occasional fine grains, subangular, clayey, silty, partly carbonaceous, slightly micaceous; no shows, with Shale: dark to very dark gray, micaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, occasional quartz filled fracture; and Siltstone: dark and very dark gray, micaceous, slightly carbonaceous.
- 12,745-12,770 Shale: dark and very dark gray, trace dark brownish-gray, micaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, with interbedded Sandstone: light gray and gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, carbonaceous, micaceous, very slightly calcareous, shaly in part; no fluorescence or stain, very faint crush cut fluorescence, thin siltstone and sandstone beds to 4'.

- 12,770-12,814 Shale: as above, becoming slightly calcareous, slight increase in brown colors, trace of quartz filled fractures, faint crush-cut fluorescence, occasional chips bleeding gas, thin light to dark gray sandstone and siltstone stringers.
- 12,814-12,900 very dark gray, occasionally slightly brown, Shale: fissile to slightly blocky, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, scattered very fine crystalline pyrite inclusions, occasional thin Sandstone: light gray and subangular, micaceous, very fine to fine grained, silty, clayey, disseminated pyrite, tight, and Siltstone: dark gray, carbonaceous, micaceous; partly gray-black becomes at 12,880'; occasional calcareous and marly streaks at 12,890'.
- 12,900-13,020 Shale: very dark gray to gray-black, fissile to slightly blocky, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, scattered very fine pyrite inclusions, some thin sandstone stringers, light gray and gray, very fine grained, subangular, clay cement, silty, carbonaceous, scattered glauconite and thin siltstones, occasional quartz filled fractures, scattered calcareous and marly streaks, thin very shaly limestone at 12,954-12,956', light and dark chert granules throughout.
- 13,020-13,040 Shale: very dark gray, gray-black, fissile to blocky, partly siliceous, micromicaceous, dolomite inclusions and stringers, chert granules, thin coal bed at top, scattered coal and pyritized wood fragments, pyrite common, with light and very light gray bentonite stringers, flaky to partly siliceous, occasional chips appear fractured.
- 13,207-13;236.6 Core No. 6, Cut-29.6', Recovered:27.7'
  - 13,207.0-13,209.0' \_\_Sandstone: light gray, very fine \_\_
    (2.0') grained, subangular to angular, very silty, clayey, soft to medium firm, disseminated pyrite, occasional very fine crystalline pyrite \_aggregates, glauconitic, tight, appears very slightly stained, no -fluorescence, very slow medium-yellow cut, -

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occasional thin shale parting with black carbonaceous residue; vertical fracture, open; no show.

13,209.0-13,214.0' (5.0') Siltstone: gray-brown, gray, sandy, hard and dolomitic in top 1-1/2'. clayey, then scattered pyrite crystals, glauconitic, coarse rounded, frosted quartz and dark chert grains, appears very slightly stained, questionable very faint dull-yellow fluorescence, slow, very light-yellow cut.

13,214.0-13,215.0' (1.0')

Sandstone: gray-brown, very fine grained, subangular, very silty, clavey, slightly micaceous, glauconitic, occasional pyrite inclusion, coarse and very coarse, subrounded rounded, to frosted quartz and dark chert grains, tight, appears very slightly stained, no fluorescence, very faint dull-yellow crush cut.

13,215.0-13,216.0' (1.0') Siltstone: brownish-gray, slightly sandy, glauconitic, pyrite inclusions and partings, quartz grains, as above, rare green shaly partings.

13,216.0-13,217.0' (1.0') Sandstone: brown-gray, very coarse very fine grained, rounded. poorly sorted, with sandy, clayey, siltstone matrix. occasional pyrite inclusions and chert pebbles, glauconite common, coarse and very coarse rounded quartz grains compose approximately 40-50% of sandstone, possible very slight porosity, questionable very faint, dull-yellow fluorescence, appears slightly stained, very faint, slow, light-vellow cut.

13,217.0-13,223.0' (6.0') Siltstone, sandstone and shale, interbedded; Siltstone: gray-brown to brownish-gray, sandy, shaly, occasional crossbedding, scattered pyrite inclusions, very thin beds and laminations, irregular bedding and lensing, thin, black shale partings

and laminations, carbonaceous, micaceous, flaky, slickensides on some shale laminations, vertical and random fractures 13,222-13,223'; Sandstone: brownish-gray to gray-brown, very fine grained, subangular, very silty, clayey, tight, trace of crossbedding, fine shale partings and laminations, irregular bedding, occasional slickensides in shale partings; Shale: very dark gray and black, micaceous, carbonaceous, fissile, thin siltstone laminations and partings, 1/2 to 5 mm, pyrite banding; bedding appears 1-2°.

13,223.0-13,224.5' (1.5') Sandstone: gray-brown, very fine grained, subangular, silty, very siliceous, partly quartzitic, hard, very fine shale partings with mica.

13,224.5-13,234.7' (10.2')

Siltstone: gray-brown, sandy, hard, siliceous, partly quartzitic, irregular bedding, appears partly crossbedded, occasional lenses, irregular shale partings and bands, black. micaceous, carbonaceous. becomes shalv and clayey at 13,227', occasional very fine and hairline vertical fractures with soft, white mineral filling, quartz or anhvdrite(?). slickensides at 13,231.7', becoming siliceous.

13,234.7-13,236.6 No recovery. (1.9')

Sandstone: very light brown to brown, occasionally very 13,236.6-13,343 light gray, very fine grained, subangular, siliceous, argillaceous, silty, occasional round, frosted quartz grains and dark chert pebbles, tight to slightly porous, trace of pyrite; no stain or fluorescence, very faint, medium-yellow crush cut in upper 30', thin shale beds and laminations, black, very dark gray, fissile to slightly blocky, partly pyrite inclusions. carbonaceous. occasionally appears slickensided; and Siltstone: siliceous, brown to brown, slightly sandy, argillaceous, partly pyritic, trace of very fine, very tight quartz filled fractures.

- 13,343-13,443 Sandstone, Siltstone, and Shale: thinly interbedded and interlaminated, as above, rounded quartz grains common, scattered dark chert pebbles, increasing sandstone 13,410-13,440', rare foraminifera.
- 13,443-13,490 Sandstone: very light to medium gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, argillaceous, streaks with slight porosity; no show, interlaminated Siltstone and Shale: as above, becomes thin bedded at 13,456'.
- 13,490-13,650 Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, siliceous, argillaceous, tight, thinly interbedded with Siltstone: light to dark gray, slightly carbonaceous, partly sandy, partly shaly, and Shale: black, very dark gray, carbonaceous, micaceous, occasional rounded quartz grains and granules.
- 13,650-13,673 Siltstone: light to dark gray, partly shaly, slightly carbonaceous, siliceous streaks, argillaceous with sandstone and shale stringers.
- 13,673-13,686 Sandstone: light to medium gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, siliceous, very slightly calcareous, thin shaly partings, siltstone laminations, tight; no shows.
- 13,686-13,708 Sandstone and Siltstone: interbedded, as above, with Shale: black, very dark gray, fissile, partly silty, carbonaceous.
- 13,708-13,717 Sandstone: light to dark gray, very fine grained, subangular, silty, siliceous, argillaceous, shaly streaks, slightly carbonaceous, scattered rounded quartz grains and granules, tight; no show.
- 13,717-13,736 Siltstone: light to dark gray, partly shaly, slightly siliceous and carbonaceous, thin interbedded sandstone and shale.
- 13,736-13,746 Sandstone: light to dark gray, as above, light and dark chert granules common.
- 13,746-13,837 Sandstone: light gray, gray, very fine grained, occasional fine grained streaks, subangular, argillaceous, silty, partly siliceous, trace of clear, quartz, fracture fill(?); no show, thinly interbedded with Siltstone: gray to very dark gray, partly shaly and sandy, slightly carbonaceous, and Shale: black, very dark gray, fissile, micromicaceous, partly silty, carbonaceous to very carbonaceous, decreasing sandstone and increasing shale at 13,790', rare foraminifera.

13,837-13,930

Shale: black, very dark gray, fissile, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, occasionally very carbonaceous, partly silty, pyrite inclusions, some pyrite banding, scattered rounded quartz grains and chert granules, interbedded Siltstone: gray to very dark gray, partly shaly, trace of very light gray bentonite, rare foraminifera, occasional fracture with soft white, very fine crystalline filling, secondary quartz(?).

13,930-13,970 Shale: very dark gray to black, fissile to blocky, -sugntry carcareous == very เราได้กับโดยอย่าง - veer \_ allebels selection - และ เลเนาซับแบบันตอบธรรางยาง ina nyeita semanga inclassion to the ine pyrite same as inclusions in the 'rounded quartz and dark chert : ose fine to medium grains of sand, ely sorted; rare white tuff(?) with i an increase of loose sand grains to 📲 😥 🖂 it or fluorescence. = ::-::::: out significant sand fraction. = ····· 'sand\_grains,-as above, with up to some well developed; some well acture filling; trace of <u>Inoceramus</u> becoming medium gray, in part will be a in part, and Shale: "dark gray to e calcite fragments; well rounded, artz grains common; slickensides\_ . Junded dark chert granules; rare in pyrite; increase in siltstone to ith-marked increase in loose sand ied, subrounded to rounded, no ark gray, fissile to slightly blocky, inclusions, occasional pyritic worm ht gray and light gray-brown, itonitic shale, fractures with soft, , secondary quartz(?), occasional, thin siltstone stringers. ly and gray, very fine grained, inantly quartz grains, occasional\_sofstone of gas.....

silty ir part, crystall shale; scattered=!We'll granules, occasional i well roundèd, modera quartz(?) inclusions.

13,970-13,980-3;#\$hale:" 'as' above,#witl 10%; no odor, stain, co

13,980-14,040 □ Shale: as above, with

10% calcite grains, rounded, probably fr prisms; no odor, stain

14,105-14,175 = 5 Shale: -- as -- above, micromicaceous, silty black and waxy, rar frosted, floating qu common; few well re white tuff; decrease 30%. -

14,·175=14, 185 Shāle: as sabove, w grains, medium grai apparent cement.

14,185-14,327 Shale: black, very d micromicaceous, pyrite tubes, trace of lig subwaxy, slightly be white mineral filling chips with slickensides

14,327-14,345 Sandstone: light gr subangular, predom eachignes and calcacenus and itsees

carbonaceous, modewatery=:nard;=tight;=: laminations; no fluorescence or cut, trace

- 14,345-14,393 Sandstone: as above, interbedded with Siltstone: light to dark gray, argillaceous to shaly, carbonaceous, slightly calcareous and siliceous, and Shale: black, very dark gray, fissile to slightly blocky, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, fractures as above, trace of bentonic shale, scattered rounded, frosted quartz grains and light and dark chert granules, trace of coal, scattered foraminifera.
- 14,393-14,440 Shale: black, very dark gray, fissile, partly blocky, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, pyrite inclusions, scattered rounded quartz grains and chert granules as above, trace of very light gray bentonite, thin siltstone beds and laminations, occasional sandstone stringers, fractures with soft, white mineral filling, rare foraminifera.
- 14,440-14,550 Shale: very dark gray to black, silty with thin dark gray siltstones, occasional white mineral filled fractures, traces of pyrite and rounded quartz grains.
- 14,550-14,577 Shale: very dark gray to black, slightly silty, slightly calcareous with occasional well rounded, medium to coarse sized quartz grains; traces of fine grained pyrite, occasional white siliceous fracture filling material.
- - 14,577.0-14,604.0 Shale: fairly uniform, very dark (27.0')black, to firm, poorly gray moderately well developed fissility, very fine detrital micaceous flakes throughout, occasional thin irregular fine pyrite laminations; slip surfaces are common; this is low angle or along bedding with some 1-2 mm thick siliceous slickenside surfaces forming: bedding is at approximately 20° to the core, but hole deviation is about the same.
  - 14,604.0-14,607.0' No recovery. (3.0')
- 14,607-14,720 Shale: black to very dark gray, micromicaceous, slightly pyritic, silty, carbonaceous with scattered well rounded quartz sand grains; occasional fractures with filling of white siliceous material.
- 14,720-14,745 Shale: as above, with thin Siltstone: medium to dark gray, argillaceous to moderately clean, calcareous, occasionally grading in size to very fine sandstone; trace of Limestone: dark gray, hard, argillaceous.

- 14,745-14,790 Shale: very dark gray to black, firm to hard, slightly silty with scattered detrital mica, fractures with white chert and quartz fillings are common, traces of finely crystalline pyrite, scattered medium to coarse quartz grains.
- 14,790-14,810 Siltstone: dark gray, argillaceous, micaceous, slightly calcareous.
- 14,810-14,850 Shale: as above, with a slight increase in more silvery gray shale, possibly coming from up the hole or from slickenside zones; scattered well rounded quartz grains.
- 14,850-14,880 Shale: as above, with thin Siltstone: dark gray, very argillaceous, micaceous.
- 14,880-15,130 Shale: dark gray to black with occasional dark silver gray, carbonaceous, hard, less silty, more even textured, fracture filling material slightly coarser with some clear quartz; occasional well rounded, dark gray chert granules, occasional fine to medium sized quartz grains.
- 15,130-15,190 Shale: as above, but with slightly more of a dark brown cast.
- 15,190-15,380 Shale: black to very dark gray, fissile to slightly blocky, micromicaceous, carbonaceous, occasional silty streaks and thin partings of siltstone, scattered fine to medium sized rounded quartz grains, some very thin brownish-gray marlstone and marly claystone stringers, fractures with soft white mineral filling, possibly secondary quartz.
- 15,380-15,490 Shale: gray-black, black, very dark gray, carbonaceous, micaceous, fissile to slightly blocky, silty streaks, pyritic, scattered rounded quartz fractures with soft, white mineral filling, with increasing very fine quartz crystals and becoming harder; thin light to very dark gray siltstone laminations (5-10%), partly calcareous, rare glauconite grains, trace of foraminifera; trace of Sandstone: light to dark gray, very fine to fine grained, subangular, occasional gray chert pebbles and granules 15,410-15,430'.
- 15,490-15,610 Shale: gray-black, black with occasional dark gray streaks, fissile, carbonaceous, partly silty, micromicaceous, pyrite inclusions, scattered rounded quartz grains and gray chert pebbles, fractured at 50°, white mineral filling, secondary quartz(?), occasional foraminifera.

ARMOUR KANE

- Log Analysis

Formation Evaluation

Well Log Analyst 18360-5 Centera St. Reseda, Ca. 91335 (213) 993-0586

August 6, 1979

Mr. S. L. Hewitt Husky Oil/NFR Operations, Inc. 2525 C Street Anchorage, Ak 99503

Dear Mr. Hewitt:

Logging operations were begun by Schlumberger at Seabee Test Well No. 1 at 2000 hours on July 25, 1979, and DIL, CNL/FDC, BHC, HRD and Velocity Survey were completed at 1300 hours on July 26. No lost rig time was experienced ex cept for a minor malfunction of one of Birdwell's tools. Log quality was good except for a magnetised SP curve and the fact that the SP curve failed to "dot" on the 2" film.

Top of the Torok was tentatively picked at 3455.

A number of interesting somes appear on the logs with water saturations ranging from 32% to 100% and porosities from 6% to 16%. (See attached data tabulation sheet). As usual, determination of water resistivity was a problem, especially since the SP curve shows practically no activity even though the mud filtrate was unusually fresh. This response is difficult to explain. An Rwa of 0.12, derived from density porosities, was used in the attached computations. Four intervals yielded Rwa values of 0.11 to 0.12 which is probably lower than the true value but can be used with some confidence in the ratio method of computing Sw. The sands appear quite shaly as witness the gamma ray minimum value of 40 API units and the shale value of 70 API units, the wide separation between neutron and density porosities and the difference between sonic and density porosities. Possibly the density should have been run using grain density of 2,68 in-stead of 2,65 but this would have resulted in a porosity of only 2 porosity units. In any event, the intervals 2588-94, 2656-60 and possibly 2122-26, while thin, are of definite interest. The two major cycle skips on the sonic log were run a number of times at different logging speeds and panel settings and repeated each time both as to depth and magnitude. This I cannot explain.

Very truly yours,

A. Kane

Formation Evaluation

ARMOUR KANE
Well Log Analyst
18360-6 Canters St.
Reseda. Ca. 91335
(213) 993-0586

August 27, 1979

Mr. S. L. Hewitt Husky Oil/NFR Operations, Inc. 2525 C Street Anchorage, Ak 99503

Dear Mr. Hewitt:

Logging began at Seabee Test Well No. 1 at 0130 hours on August 19, 1979, and at 0830 hours of the same day Schlumberger had completed DIL and CNL/FDC which was the total logging program for this run. Log quality was good on both runs and no lost rig time was incurred although the CML/FDC stuck badly enough coming off bottom to require a 5000 pull to free it. There is a peculiar response of the caliper from about 6000 to 6300 where it is essentially a straight line at 13 to 13.5 inches. It repeated, however, so is probably valid. The formation remains Torok.

The sand from 53k0-5k00 which produced the gas "kick" appears to be very shaly from the gamma ray response which ranges from a minimum value of h2 API Units to above 60 Units with the shale line at about 80 Units.By cross-plotting Density vs. Neutron values an approximation of shale percentage can be made, the results of which are shown on the attached tabulation. With shale percentages this high the effective porosity will, of course, be lowered considerably as can be seen in the column headed "pc". These calculations are not as precise as with a computer run but can be used as an estimation. Rw computed from the SP is 0.24 which is probably too high due to suppression of the curve by the shaliness. Rwamin is 0.18 and Sw computed from both values is in the attached tabulation. Porosity from 5380-92 ranges from 11% to 18% with an average of 11% and the Sw range is 12% to 71% averaging 58%. The corresponding figures for Sw using Rwa are 37-70% averaging 53%. Because of the high shale content permeability is probably too low for commercial production.

Very truly yours,

A. Kane

### ARMOUR KANE

Well Log Analyst 18360-6 Cantara St. Resede, Ca. 91335 (213) 993-0586 Formation Evaluation

Movember 29, 1979

Mr. S. L. Hewitt Husky Oil/NFR Operations, Inc. 2525 C Street Anchorage, Ak 99503

Dear Mr. Hewitt:

Logging operations were begun by Schlumberger at SeaBee Test Well No. 1 at 0030 hours on November 21, 1979, and by 0630 hours November 22 DIL, CML/FDC, BHC, HRD, Rirdwell Velocity Survey and sidewall cores had been completed. All logs were of good quality except that the DIL was recorded ten feet shallow with a badly drifting SP curve. The validity of the LLg and ILm are suspect since both curves read considerably lower than on the previous run, part, but not all of which, could be attributed to the badly washed out borehole. However, the ILm was an exact layover so it was decided not to re-run the log. All other logs were of good quality although a few "spikes" and skipped cycles are seen on the BHC.

23 of 2h sidewall cores were recovered.

Three sones looked to be of interest from a resistivity stand-point: 7658-65, 8890-8900 and 9020-60, but proved to be of low porosity ranging from 7% to 9%. Foresity values from a CEL/FDC cross-plot were verified by EHC computations using a matrix velocity of 19,500 ft/sec. Caliper logs indicated the hole size to be in excess of 18\* from casing to 7550 with the exception of a very few feet.

The Fortress Mountain formation was topped at 7720' (sample), 7654' (log).

Engineer Larry Nelson and his crew are to be commended for an excellent job performance under trying hole conditions.

Very truly yours,

a. Kane

#### ARMOUR KANE

Formation Evaluation

Well Log Analyst 18360-6 Cantara St Reseda, Ca. 91335 (213) 993-0586 April 10, 1980

Mr. S. L. Hewitt Husky Oil/NFR Operations, Inc. 2525 C Street Anchorage, Ak. 99503

Dear Mr. Hewitt:

The logging operation at the logging operation the worst flascos I have seen on the North Slope. Schlumberger began with a temperature survey at 0430 hours, March 30, 1980, but the tool failed at 10,000 feet and was replaced by the back-up tool which resulted in a successful log completed at 1145 hours March 30. Temperature at 12,750 was 226°F. The DIL was then attempted but the tools stopped some 20 feet below the casing shoe and a clean-out run was begun at 1600 hours on March 30 and was completed at 1130 hours, March 31. The second DIL was begun at 1200 hours, March 31, but the tools stopped at 13,173. About 200 feet of log was recorded before the tools stuck at 12,900 and required 3700 pounds pull over normal to get loose. The second clean-out run was begun at 1600 hours, March 31, and was completed at 1130 hours, April 1.

The third DIL attempt was begun at 1200 hours, April 1 and stopped at 13,044. Pulled out of the hole and went back in with combination DIL and BHC which stuck at 12,900 but finally pulled loose. The third cleanout run commenced at 1800 hours and was completed at 0900 hours, April 2 and the fourth DIL with BHC began at 0930, April 2, and reached 14,305 but an "O" ring failure flooded the tools with mud rendering them inoperative and on the way out of the hole the tools stuck at 13,320 and 12,915 but eventually pulled loose and came out of the hole at 1430 hours, April 2.

Next, the CML/FDC was run through casing and was finished at 2000. April 2. the log was of good quality but cannot be used quantitatively for porosity determination, although the CML correlates very well with the previously run open hole BHC. Birdwell Velocity Survey was completed at 0330 hours, April 3. The CR/UIT was run through drill nips by amounts "O" rings at three loodest time sools time surbing three went odes in the pine with a games ray only but the tool failed at 9400. Another Grand weights : were flown in from Deat Horse and the log was completed at Oh00, "pril h. The fifth attempt with bli/on was begun but stopped at 12,900 and required 8,000 pounds pull to get loose. "Came out of the hole at 1300 hours, April 4 and ceased logging operations after six days.

No zones of interest were seen and the top of the Peoble Shale was found at 13,068 feet.

G. Kane

A. Kane

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594-2600	35	8.5	45			.25	61						ND Ø5.
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Log Analysis

HUSKY OIL/HPR OPERATIONS, INC.

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SEABER TESTWELL Nº 1

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120-40	20	4	19	72	12.5	50	1						
820-35	20	7	19	13	<i>j</i> 3	45	.11						
150-54	12	3	22	15	15	55	-						
174 86	20	3-5	18	68	10	50	-						
90-6210	18	3	22.	12	12.5	50	-						
236-50	25	3	19	67	9	45	-						
240-8310	20	3	18	67	9	45	-						
360-70	20	4	19	67	9	45	•					'	
140-8900	40	3	15	24	14	45	-						
440-60	20	6	20	24	14	50	,04						
1032-50	30	2	18	64	1	40	-						
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### LOGGING REPORT

	WELL NAME	SE SE	ABEE #1					·				
	Date	7-6-79			_ Driller Dept	th	16231					
	Elevation	322' KB			Logger Dep	th	1621'					
	Logs Ran and	intervals						•				
		DIL/GR	125-	-1615'								
		FDC/CNL	125-	-1 <del>6</del> 15 <u>'</u>		<u>.</u>		·	<del></del>			
		BHCS	125-	-1603'								
		HOT	125-	-1618'								
	Additional Lo	gs to Run			<del></del>		<del></del>					
		NONE		<u>.</u>	· <del>-</del> .				-			
	Zones of Inter	rest								<del></del>		
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1 16 1111	1111 110	Ss .	247 avg.		Gas ?	Heter		111 7	- / -   		]][	284-
38ii	38	Ss Se	19-24%	3707	Water	*****	:)      	¦:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			:3it::::::	697 <u>-</u> 1104-
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	_	RON BROCKWA										
		w	ellsite Geologis	it	•				ķ L			

D-1

Log Analyst

12/77



ELL NAME_	SEABEE #1	<del></del>		<del></del> -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ite July 25.	26. 1979		Driller Deg	oth4009	)¹ 	·
vation32	2' K3		Logger De	pth4010	) <u>†</u>	
gs Ran and Int	ervals					
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R/SP/DIL R/CAL/FDC/CN		618-4004'	<u> </u>		<del> </del>	<del></del>
R/BEC		618-4009 ' 618-4005 '				<u> </u>
RD		618-4008				
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Iditional Logs						
			<u> </u>			
mes of Interest					-	-
Depth	Gross Thickness	Net Feet of Porosity	Lith	Porosity	Sw _	Probable Tuid Content
122-2126'	4	4	Ss	11 9.5	55% 45%	Oil & Water
588-25941 656-26601	6	6	Ss Ss	16	322	Oil & Water
ut no other	ues based on po	s possible.	Other zones	varied in po	r may no	t be accurate
од Торѕ & Соп	from 63% to 10 relations: Torok 3455' or		year very a			
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dditional Evalu	ation Plans:				<del></del>	
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			RON BROCK	WAY		
				ellsite Geologist		<u> </u>
				Log Analyst		



WELL NAME	SRABEE #1		
Date	Aug. 19, 1979	Driller Depth	6551'
Elevation	322' KB	Logger Depth	6527'
Logs Ran and Interve	als		



WELL NAME.	SEABEE #1					<del></del>
Date Nov	rember 21-22, 19	779	Driller De	epth1	0,004'	<del>, .</del> .
levation	322' KB		Logger D	epth	9990'	
ogs Ran and I	ntervals			-		· .
					<del></del> -	·
GR/SP/DIL	·		_	orded 10' sh	llow)	
GR/CAL/CNL/	FDC	3983-997				·
GR/BHC		3983-997		m 04311 G		0.1
HRD-Dipmete	locity Survey -	3987-998			ores - Top: 48	Zl'; Btm:
dditional Log		Top sizet. 390	o , Bear ,	-		<u> </u>
	NONE					
ones of Intere	<u>st</u>					<u></u>
Depth	Gross Thickness	Net Feet of Porosity	Lith	Avg Porosity	Pro Fluid	bable Content
658 <u>-7665'</u>				8.5		
<u>890-8900'</u> 020-9060'			<del></del> .	9		<del></del>
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orosity agr nterval tra r equal to	zones appear of ees well from C nsit time of th 18" from casing	NL/FDC cross-p	lot and so	nic interval	transit time hole dismeter	using an
og Tops & Cor						
ortress Mtn	7644' D	L +10' = 7654'				<del></del>
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dditional Eval	uation Plans:					
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			ARLEN EH	<u> </u>		
			We	ilsite Geologist		
			ARMOUR K	ANE Log Analyst		



WELL NAME.		SEABEE #1	_ <del></del>	<del></del>	
Date Jani	sary 18 and 19	, 1980	Driller Depth	12,8	14*
Elevation 322	' KB		Logger Depth	12,7	96'
Logs Ran and I	ntervals				
DIL/GR/SP	- 99	67-12,790¹ (GR	to 98001)		<del>.</del>
BHCS/GR/T		67-12,772' (GR		·	
· <del></del> · · · · · ·		<del></del> -			<u> </u>
Additional Log	s to Run				
	NO1	NTE			
	<del></del>	·····	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Zones of Intere	<u>st</u>		1		
Depth	Gross Thickness	Net Feet of Porosity	Lith	Porosity	Probable Fluid Content
	NO.	XE			
	<del></del>				
Discussion:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
due to ext	The normal le	ogging suite (F	DC/CNL, HDT Di	pmeter and CS	T), were not run
	OIL and BECS.				
Log Tops & Cor	Telations:		·		
-	<del></del>	. Se interval t	76 se 17 (\$3)	. <u>.</u>	
Dotes	POTEINS THE	. ve meetval .	op at 10,555		
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Additional Evalu	uation Plans:				<u> </u>
Recommend	running CNL/F	DC log through	pipe back acro	ss entire int	erval on next
oben pore	logging run.		- ·		<u></u>
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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
			nou programa	ARRY HAVIOOR	·
			KUN BKUKKMAY/H	AKKI MAIWIEN	
			RON BROCKWAY/H Wellsite	Geologist	<del></del>



	30-31, April 1-	170V	Driller Deptl	h 15	,611'
Elevation	322 TKB		Logger Dept	h <u>15,490</u> *	- Never reached TD
ogs Ran and	Intervals				
Temperatur	e Log	10	0 - 12,750'		
	/BDC (thru 9 5/		5 - 12,785'		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Rirdwell V	<u>elocity Survey</u> rill pipe)				
GR/SP/DIL	illi bibe)	12.70 12.93	0 - 15,490'(G) 8 - 13,172'	R only - IDT	failed)
dditional Log	s to Run				
None					
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nes of Intere	st				
Depth	Gross Thickness	Net Feet of Porosity	Lith	Porosity	Probable Fluid Content
NO :	ZONES OF INTERES	ST			
			<del></del>	<del></del>	
ole in ver	y bad condition	. Made 4 atte	mpts with DIL	/BHC. Stoppe	d at 12.830'. 13.1
iole in ver 3,044' and out between an't be us	each artempt.	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	d at 12,830', 13,17 to pull loose. Cle open hole BHC, but
iole in ver 3,044' and out between an't be us	each artempt.	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	to pull loose. Cle
iole in ver 3,044' and out between an't be us g Tops & Con	each artempt.	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	to pull loose. Cle
ole in ver 3,044' and ut between an't be us g Tops & Con	each artempt. led quantitative relations:	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	to pull loose. Cle
ole in ver 3,044' and ut between an't be us g Tops & Con	each artempt. led quantitative relations:	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	to pull loose. Cle
ole in ver 3,044' and ut between an't be us g Tops & Con while shall	each artempt.  ed quantitative  relations:	CNI to ceeing	correlates	out managed	to pull loose. Cle
iole in ver 13,044' and out between an't be us g Tops & Cor chble shall	each artempt.  ed quantitative relations:  e 13.068'	CNL in casing	correlates v.	ery well with	open hole BRC, but
iole in ver  3,044' and  out between  an't be us  g Tops & Cor  chble shal	each artempt.  ed quantitative relations:  e 13.068'	CNL in casing	correlates v. higher than B	ery well with	to pull loose. Cle
icle in ver 3,044' and out between an't be us g Tops & Cor chble shall ditional Evaluent in hol	each artempt.  led quantitative relations:  a 13.068'	CNL in casing	correlates v.	ery well with	open hole BHC, but
icle in ver 3,044' and out between an't be us g Tops & Cor chble shall ditional Evaluent in hol	each artempt.  led quantitative relations:  a 13.068'	CNL in casing	correlates v.	ery well with	open hole BHC, but
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dole in ver 13,044' and but between an't be us g Tops & Cor Pebble shall ditional Evalu- ent in hol	each artempt.  led quantitative relations:  a 13.068'	CNL in casing	correlates v.	ery well with	open hole BHC, but
can't be us g Tops & Cor Pebble shal	each artempt.  led quantitative relations:  a 13.068'	CNL in casing ly. # values  BRC attempt.  cle and rigged	Correlates v. higher than Bi	ery well with	open hole BRC, but

## NOSKY)

### U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY/ONPha

HUSKY	SEÁBEI	E #1	DUILE 31 CL	M TEST REP	On FORM	0//	6 £ 7/70		
WELL NAME	JEABEI		D	ST. NO					
Formation Tested_	TOROK			Hole Si	ze	12 1/4"			
Test Interval	5340-1	5388.1	<del></del>	Drill Co	ollar Length _		I.	D	
Total Depth	53881			Dritt Pig	pe Length		1.	Ď	
Choke Size:				Packer	Denth(s)	5326', 534	401		F
Surface	Bo	ittom Hole	·-··	_					
				·				Drill	L
				Cushio	n Type Fres	h Water	Amour	t full	
	TEST D	ATA		RESISTIVITY	Y/CHLORIDE	DATA			
Tool open at	Packer :	failed				Resistivity		toride Con	
Tool open at: Initial flow period			hrs.	Recovery Water	br		— of		pp nn
nitial shut-in period				Recovery Mud	Filtrate		of		PP
Final flow period			min.			<b>@</b>			
Final shut-in period		- <u></u>	тіл.	Mud Pit Sampl	le Filtrate	●	°F		pp
Unseated packer at .		<del></del>	hrs.	Mud Weight _		vis			_
			PRESS	SURE DATA					
	Green No.		C M-		C N				
TEMPERATURE	Gauge No. Depth:		Gauge No. Depth:	ft.	Gauge No. Depth:	ft.	<u> </u>	TIME	_
TEMPERATURE	•	ft. Hour Clock	Depth:		Depth:	ft. Hour Clock	Tool	TIME	
r. of	Depth: Blanked Off	Hour Clock	Blanked Off	tt. Hour Clack	Depth: Blanked Off	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened	TIME	A
r. of	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass		A
tual of	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Blanked Off	tt. Hour Clack	Depth: Blanked Off	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened	Comput	A
t. OF.	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported		A
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tual OF.  nitial Hydrostatic FLOW Final Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock sures Office	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
tual OF.  nitial Hydrostatic FLOW Final Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
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t. OF.  tual OF.  tual OF.  Initial Hydrostatic FLOW Final Closed In FLOW Final Closed In Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
tual OF.  Initial Hydrostatic Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Initial FLOW Final	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
tual OF.  Initial Hydrostatic Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
tual OF.  Initial Hydrostatic Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Blanked Off Pres	ft. Hour Clock	Depth: Blanked Off Pres	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
netial Hydrostatic FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Initial FLOW Final	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Hour Clock	Depth:  Blanked Off  Pres  Field	ft. Hour Clock	Depth:  Blanked Off  Pre: Field	Hour Clock	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A
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netial Hydrostatic FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In Initial FLOW Final Closed In	Depth: Blanked Off Pres Field	Amount Feet bbl of Feet bbl of	Depth:  Blanked Off  Pres  Field	ft. Hour Clock ssures Office OVERY DATA Depth Back	Depth:  Blanked Off  Pre: Field	Hour Clock sures Office Surface	Tool Opened Opened Bypass Reported	Comput	A

HARRY HAYWOOD

Prepared 5

#### U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY/ONPRA DRILL STEM TEST REPORT FORM SEABEE #1 \_\_\_\_\_DST. NO. \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE\_Aug 8 and 9 1979 **WELL NAME** Formation Tested TOROK 124" Hole Size \_\_\_ HW drillpipe Length \_ 914 Test Interval \_\_\_\_\_5310-5402\* 54021 Drill Pipe Length 4348 \_\_ i.D. \_<sup>41</sup>z" Total Depth\_ Choke Size: 10" & 10" Packer Depth(s) \_\_\_ 5299 and 5310 3/4" Sottom Hole. Depth Tester Valve \_\_\_\_\_ 5262\* Cushion Type Fresh wtr \_Amount \_\_\_5262\* **TEST DATA** RESISTIVITY/CHLORIDE DATA Resistivity Chloride Content Tool open at . 2345 hrs., 8-8-79 OF. \_ ₽ \_ Initial flow period Packer failed in 3.5 min Recovery Mud \_ οç 6 Recovery Mud Filtrate \_\_\_ OF! Initial shut-in period .... maa or. Final flow period... Mud Pit Sample ... \_ m·n. .com OF. Mud Pit Sample Filtrate. .ppm Unseated parker at \_\_\_2358\_\_\_\_\_ Mud Weight \_\_\_\_14.5 completely Description of in the flow period \_\_Packer\_not/seated on initial open w/surface choke closed, w/well shut in @ surface w/1525 psi. Packer then seated w/minimum 325 psi thru k" choke. Packer failed in 3.5 min. PRESSURE DATA TEMPERATURE Sauge No. Btm Gauge No. Gauge No. TIME h Death: ft. Depth. Deprin: Hour Clock Hour Clock Tool A.M. or Berked Off Elanked Off Blanked Off Opened P M. Opened A.M. Actual Pressures Pressures Bypass P.M. Field Office Field Office Field 1 Office Reported Computed Initial Hydrostatic 4082 Minutes FLOW Final No other pressures recorded. Crosed In Initia! FLOW Figal Crosed In Initial Fina! Clased In Final Hydrostatic RECOVERY DATA

Cush-on	Type	Amount		Depth Back Pres. Valve		Surface Choke	Sotiom Chake	
ecoverec		Feet pp p	· · <del></del>	<del>-</del>			0.7084	_
covered		Feet no' o'						_
ecovered		Feet pp: of		<del></del>	· <del></del>		-	_
ecovered		Feet ob: of		<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>	∹
emark; 2 s DST tool.	amples of g	gas and gas	cut mud we	re collecte	d while rev	ersing out f	rom top of	
DST tool.  SUMMARY	OF GAS PE	AKS WHILE RI		T			rom top of	
DST tool.  SUMMARY		AKS WHILE RI	EVERSING OU	T Chromato	graph (PPM)		rom top of	
DST tool. SUMMARY Peak Di	OF GAS PE	AKS WHILE RI	C <sub>1</sub>	Chromato	graph (PPM)	C4	rom top of	
SUMMARY Peak D1	OF GAS PE	AKS WHILE RI	C <sub>1</sub> 60,000+	Chromato C <sub>2</sub> 5420	graph (PPM) C <sub>3</sub> 1975		cs 0	
SUMMARY Peak Di 19	OF GAS PE	AKS WHILE RI	C <sub>1</sub>	Chromato	graph (PPM)	C4	C5 0 350	

#### U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY/ONPRA HUSK DRILL STEM TEST REPORT FORM DATE\_4-8-80, 4-9-80, 4-10-8 SEABEE #1 DST. NO. WELL NAME 9 5/8" csg. TOROK Hale Size Formation Tested -(Ref log CNL/FDC I.D. 2 7/8" 188.14' 5<u>366-5394</u>1 (Aug. 19, 1979) **Oritt Collar Langth** Test Interval .... PB 1.D. 4.276" **5112'** 82431 **Drill Pipe Length** Total Depth 5341.13 Choke Size: Variable: Packer Depth(s) \_ 3/4" Surface 6/64"-17/64" Bottom Hole 5307.37 Death Tester Valve \_\_\_ Cushion Type Fresh water Amount 500 Ft. TEST DATA RESISTIVITY/CHLORIDE DATA Resistivity Chloride Content 0E Recovery Water. 6 Tool open at . 0F Recovery Mud \_ 8 min. initial flow period. OF. 6 Recovery Mud Filtrate. Initial shut-in period. min. pom OF. Mud Pit Sample \_ ppm Final flow period. min. OF. Mud Pit Sample Filtrate ppm min. Final shut-in period 14.5 Mud Weight \_\_\_ Unseated packer at ... DESCRIPTION OF FLOW PERIODS 4-8-80 1st Flow Period: (Cleanup flow period). Opened tool at 0420 hrs, 4-8-80, immediate strong blow, GTS in 4 min, shut in after 5 min to repair leaks in surface equipment, reopened for 120 min. with gas at surface through 12/64" choke at 2.1 MMCFPD and 2600 psi

surface flow pressure, changed to 16/64" choke w/3.2 MMCFPD, 2200 psi SFP, shut in at 0620 hrs for 5 hrs. (320 min).

2nd Flow Period: (180 min.) (1st flow of four point test). Opened tool at 1120 hrs through 12/64" choke, changed to 6/64" choke after 5 min. w/2800-2900 psi SFP and calculated rate 0.5 MMCFPD. . Shut in for 6 hrs at 1420 hrs.

GAS ANALYSIS - CHROMATOGRAPH - PERCENT (Z)

C2

C3 0.3%

<u>0.1</u>z

NC4 0.12

3rd Flow Period: (180 Min.) Opened at 2023 hrs. 4-8-80, on 8/64" choke w/calculated rate of 0.95 MMCFPD and 2600-2700 psi SFP. Shut in well for 6 hrs. at 2323 hrs. 4-8-80

4-9-80

\*4th Flow Period: (180 min.) Opened tool at 0525 hrs. (4-9-80). Choke washed out (greater than 12/64"). Measured rate 4.0 MMCFFD and SFP of 2500 psi increasing to approx. 4.5 MMCFPD and SFP 2600 psi at end of flow period. Shut in well for 6 hrs. at 0825 hrs. 4-9-80.

#### GAS ANALYSIS - CHROMATOGRAPH - PERCENT (I)

\*5th Flow Period: (480 min.) Opened tool at 1425 hrs. 4-9-80. Choke washed out (greater than 17/64"). Measured rate 6.7 MMCFPD and SFP of 2250 psi. After 5 hrs. (300 min.) SFP started to decline to 2100 psi in 8 hrs. (480 min.) giving a measured rate of 6.2 MMCFFD. Shut in well at 2225 hrs. for FSI (16 hrs).

### GAS ANALYSIS - CHROMATOGRAPH - PERCENT (2)

c2 C3 104 NC4 C5 93.9% 4.7% 0.7% 0.1% 0.2%

\*Revised from previous report of 4-10-80.



# DRILL STEM TEST REPORT FORM \_\_\_\_DST. NO.\_\_\_3

SEABEE #1 WELL NAME

\_ DATE\_\_4\_11-80

### PRESSURE DATA

TEMPERATURE	Depth: 5		Gauge No. Depth: 5327	.72 ft.	Gauge No. Depth: 5375		Gauge No. Depth: 537	9.65 ft
	7.	2 Hour Clock	72 <u>72</u>	Hour Clock		Hour Clock		Hour Clock
Est. O	Blanked Off	No -	Blanked Off	No	Blanked Off	Yes	Blanked Off	162
Actual 120 of	Pres	sures	Pres	Sures	Presi	:urės		sures
	Field	Office	Field	Office	Field	Office	Field	Office
Initial Hydrostatio		-	4067.5		4077.6		4098.8	
- Initial Propostation		<del> </del>	1583.1		1656.2		1640.6	ļ
Fin		<del>                                     </del>	2618.5		2604.5	<u> </u>	2645.4	<u> </u>
FLOW Fin		<del>                                     </del>	3642.3		3633.4		363 <u>5.8</u>	
Citien		<u>·                                     </u>	2137.1		2196.3		2183.2	<u> </u>
FLOW Fin		<del> </del>	3598.3		3585.8		3603.9	
FLOW Fin		<del></del>	3613.0		3617.5		3685.8	
C-0140		<del></del>	1831.0		1908.6		1912.2	
Initi		1	3539.6		3538.1		3524.0	
	1	<del></del>	3642.3		3617.5		3635.8	<u> </u>
Closed		<del>                                       </del>	1874.7	<u> </u>	1940.1		1960.1	l
F FLOW Fin		<del>                                     </del>	3261.7		3269.0		3268.4	
		<del>'</del>	3627.6		3617.5		3619.9	i
		<del>i</del>	1933.0		1971.7		1992.1	
FLOW Fir		<del>                                     </del>	2764.7 -	<del>                                     </del>	2762.7	· -	2789.2	1
FLOW Fir		<del>                                     </del>	3569.0	<del></del>	3550.8		3587.9	<del> </del>
Closed Final Hydrostatic	(051.0	<del>                                     </del>	4155.5		3919.1		3939.3	

### RECOVERY DATA

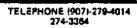
			*variable	_
H <sub>2</sub> O	Type 500 Amount	Depth Back Pres. Valve	Surface Bottom Choke +6/64 to Choke	3/4 " 📆
CUSTION -	Taradala ad		±1,7/64	
Recovered	V			
Recovered	Feet/abl of			<b>⊣</b> ; '
Recovered	Feet/bbi of			
Recovered	Feet/bbi of			
				<u> </u>
		H. HAYWOOD		
		Prepared by	• •	11/78
				11/78



#### MUSKT OIL NEW UPERATIONS, U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY/ONPRA

ŗ.	WELL NAME	SEABEE #1	OS1	TEST REPORT FORM F. NO4	_ DATE4-1	3-80		
	Formation Tested	NANUSHUK GP	<u> </u>	Hole Size	9 5/8" csg.			
	Test Interval26	552-26641	· <u>·</u>	Drill Collar Length _	184.14 ft.	I.D. 2.8	<u> </u>	
	Total Depth 52	92' PBTD		Orill Pipe Length	2411.14 ft.	I.D. 4.2	276"	
	Choke Size: 1/4"		2// !!	Packer Depth(s)	2638.34		Ft.	
	Surface 1/4"	Bottom Hol	le3/4"	Depth Tester Valve_	2615.91	•	Ft.	
				Cushion Type	None	Amount		
		TEST DATA	į	RESISTIVITY/CHLORIDE				
	- 0059	Lun ( 13 8)			Resistivity	Chloride Co	ontent	
	Tool open at0058_ Initial flow period	hrs. 4-13-80	70	ecovery Water		of	_ppm _ppm	
	Initial shut-in period		120 min. R	ecovery Mud Filtrate		or.	—bbw —bb	
	Final flow period	<del> </del>	3 (4	lud Pit Sample	<u>•</u>	.°F	_ppm	
	Final shut-in period Unseated packer at	312 hrs. 4-1	2 00 -	lud Pit Sample Filtrate iud Weight 9.7 = ]	D_8	.°F	_ppm_	
	5,100,000 pseudo 01 <u></u>			•			ср	
	Description of initial flo TSTM in 9 min:	nw period Imm max 50 psi at	sediate strong b t Haliburton man	low, continued the	oughout; gas	to surface	<u> </u>	
	Description of final flow	w periodTool	opened w/100 ps	i, decrease gradua	lly to 3 psi	at 105 min	-	
	increased to 1	2 psi, and the	n decreased to	5 psi for remainde	r of test at	180 mins;		
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del></del>	
			PRESSU	RE DATA				
<u> </u>	<del></del>	194 No. 82	- I GAUGE NOUNE	32	74		12/2	The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second se
pm: 2666.69		· Alguna		Uson 5= 2020, 90 mm 	tt.) [160th] = 204	Hour Clock	2eptn:—22€.	idobene sa (1
24 Hour Cip	ez your tring ~ ⊕ ± ± ± € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € €			Blanked Off. No	Blanked Off			Hour Clock Yes
inked Off	<u>-</u> ‡				- District Oil		SING OF THE	
Pressures			Actual 80 or		ers:	V164	Fres	sures
Field Office	<u>ur</u>			Field====Office		Office	Filld	Office
341.3			Initial Hydrostatic		<b>±1316.</b> 9    126.8		1340.1	
141-4			1 = 3 = 1 OM - 101 Mar	130.8 == 111	· u 126.8			Ī
	<u></u>		Signal Final	119.9		<u>!</u>	128.0	
	-	<del></del>	FLOW Final Closed In		111.0		117.3	
253.1			Closed In	1259.2 130.8	111.0 1253.2 134.8		117.3 1265.5 128.0	
253.1 159.1	National Control of the Control of t		Closed Initial	1259.2 130.8	111.0 1253.2 134.8		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4			Closed in Initial	1259.2 130.8 109.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8		117.3 1265.5 128.0	
253.1 159.1 132.6			Closed in Initial	1259.2 130.8 109.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4	_ <u></u>		Closed in Initial FLOW Final Initial I	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4	_ <u></u>		Closed in Initial FLOW Fine Initial Closed in Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Fine FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW Fine Initial FLOW FINE Initial FLOW FINE INITIAL FLOW FINE INITIAL FLOW FINE INITIAL FLOW FINE INITIAL FLOW FINE INITIAL FLOW FLOW FLOW FLOW FLOW FLOW FLOW FLO	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4	_ <u></u>		Closed in Initial FLOW Final Initial I	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4	_ <u></u>		Closed in Initial FLOW Final Initial I	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 2 111.0 1588.3		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4	_ <u></u>		Closed in Initial FLOW Final Initial I	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 2 111.0 1588.3		117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4			Closed in Initial Init	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3	VERY DATA	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	Surface
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cusmior Wellvirr	iiiiiiiiiiiiiiireet/bbl	Closed in Initial Initial Closed In Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3	VERY DATA	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cumor Manager Recovered Section	Fest/oci	Closed in Initial Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2 1432.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4	VERY DATA	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cusmor Manufirit Recovered : manufirit Recovered : Manufirit Recovered : Manufirit	F##1/66  F##1/66	Closed in Initial From Closed In Initial Closed In Closed In Initial From Closed In Closed In Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4	VERY DATA	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cusmor Www.rrr Recoverec	Feet/660	Closed in Initial Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2 1432.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cusmor Www.rrr Recoverec	Feet/660	Closed in Initial Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Initial Closed In Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2 1432.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Cusmior WWW/// Recoverec	Fee job	Closed in Initial Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2 1432.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 RECO	Depth Back Choke IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2  1432.0  1432.0  Oil and gas cut mutin globules of oil sith chamber. (NOT	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2 1432.0	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2  1432.0  1432.0  Oil and gas cut mutin globules of oil sith chamber. (NOT	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2  1432.0  1432.0  Oil and gas cut mutin globules of oil sith chamber. (NOT	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2  1432.0  1432.0  Oil and gas cut mutin globules of oil sith chamber. (NOT	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in	1259.2 130.8 109.0 1594.2  1432.0  1432.0  Oil and gas cut mutin globules of oil sith chamber. (NOT	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Vocation Final Hydrostatic	Pres Valve w w	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_
253.1 159.1 132.6 588.4 464.8	Recovered Remarks II No rection of the pit aft 250 ml gas cu	Fellool Fellool Fellool Fellool Overy: Tevers er reverse out f mud w/oil 2	Closed in Initial From Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  Final Hydrostatic  The Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Closed in Final Closed in	Pres Valve w w	111.0 1253.2 134.8 111.0 1588.3 1428.4 AECO	Depth Back  (*Choke  (*Choke  (**Thomas and the content of the con	117.3 1265.5 128.0 117.3 1596.2 1457.4	_

## CHEMICAL & G\_OLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.



ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street



	Oil Company	Date_	April 11,	1980	Leb No	3
Seaber	No. 1	Locatio	n			
NPRA	<del></del>	Format	tion	Torok		
		Depth		5366- <u>94</u>	(DST #3)	
Alaska		Sampli	ng Point	Test Tool		
•	psig: Sample pressure 1125 psig:	Temperature	*F: Contain	er number		
	<del></del>					
	<del></del>				<del></del>	_
-	·				·	
				lale % or		
Çor	nponent		٧	olume %		
Оху	gen			0		
Nitr	ogen	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.41.		
Carl	on dioxide		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.32		
Hyd	rogen sulfide					
_				<del></del>		
Met	hane		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	94.43	Gailona	
Eth	ine			2,64	per MCF	
Proj	sane			0.67	0.184	
lso-	butane			0.09	0.029	
N-b	utane			0.14	0.044	
lso-	pentane			0.05	0.018	
N-p	entana	····		0.04	0.014	
Hex	anes,	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.07	0.029	
Hep	tanes & Higher			0.14	0.064	
_						
		Total		100.00	0.382	
		Contraction of the Contract of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
GPN	A of pentanes & higher fraction	• 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4	<del></del>	o	.126	
<b>~</b> - •	- parriame a ringinar material		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		·	
Gro	se btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 p	nie (dry besis)		1039		
	cific gravity (calculated from ana		•	· • ——	.589	
_	cific gravity (measured)	•			.590	
7,54			************	. · <u> </u>		



### CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

P.O. 80X 4-1276 Anchorage, Alaska 99509 TELEPHONE (907)-279-4014 274-3364 ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street

### ANALYTICAL REPORT

From	Husky Oil Company	Product	Condensate Sample
		Date	April 11, 1980
Other Pertin	nent Data		
Analyzed by	уТН	Date Apri	1 21, 1980 Lab No. 3438-2

REPORT OF ANALYSIS CONDENSATE SAMPLE SEABEE NO. 1 NPRA, ALASKA

#### DISTILLATION ANALYSIS

<u>T, F</u>	% RECOVERED	CARBON NUMBER
-43.7	0.52	C <sub>3</sub>
+10.9	0.99	IC4
+31.1	2.30	NC <sub>4</sub>
49.10	2.62	Necpentane
82.1	4.44	IC <sub>5</sub>
96.9	6.70	NCS
140.0	18.08	c <sub>e</sub>
189.6	36.13	C <sub>7</sub>
234.4	69.17	CŔ
303.4	85.19	Cg Cg
345.4	91.28	$c_{10}$
384.6	96.00	$c_{11}$
421.3	97.25	$c_{12}^{-}$
455.7	98.77	$c_{13}^{-}$
488.7	99.20	C14
519.0	100.00	C <u>15</u>



### CHEMICAL GEOLOGICAL LABORA ORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

P.O. BOX 4-1276 Anchorage, Alaska 99509 TELEPHONE (907)-279-4014 274-3364 ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street

### **ANALYTICAL REPORT**

	From	Husky Oil Company	ProductM	ud	<del></del>	
	* * * 	Anchorace Alaska	n	mil 18 1980		ia eta Eta eta
200		-Other Perdicent Ditt s				3
ogodiyanyanga damina isi				<u>, -805y<b>±1,1</b>00</u> ggol	5 No. 25497	-
 			Karoka Ga	_ANIADYS)@i		
			DST_NO.E			
Manked		Samples received April=18,=19	80			
nga mining dipengan			Carif Opins	BYDROCARBONS	== <b>€</b> , <b>G</b> ,	
•	_		Millions/like	The King of March	man of hande (or grade )	
-		Videoffen = everse eller	401	4.4		
		Mid from (eip Valve	350	(f)),*	<b>■(■G</b> ())***********************************	
		Mid below Evdrospring Tester	300	33	Condensa <del>rec</del>	



Residue. %

## CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

P.O. BOX 4-1278 Anchorage, Alaska 99509 TELEPHONE (907)-279-4014 274-3364

ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street

mpany	Husky Oil Company			_ Dete	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ıb. No. <u>343</u>	<del>* -</del>
II No	Seabee No. I			_ Location_				
.id	NPRA			Formation.	Torok			
te	Alaska			Depth	5366-9	4 (DST	No. 3)	
	<b>-</b> _		••					
		GENI	ERAL CH	IARACTER	ISTIC			
	6	10 /00 4 F					0.7	568
	Specific gravity @ (						55.5	
	A.P.L. gravity @ 60						29.0	
	Saybolt Universal	-	-					
	Saybolt Universal	_	-				28.8 <0.0	
	B.s. and water, % b	-					<-70	<u> </u>
	Pour point, * F							<del></del>
	Total salphur, % by	weight					0.0	<u> </u>
			<del></del>	<del></del>				
	<del></del>							
				***************************************	*******		*****	
MARKS:	Condensate sample	e caken	ADELL 9,	1950 6 213	15 Hrs. 20	ber 6	4 / F.	<del> </del>
	6.216 MMCFPD 17/6	4 inch	choke.					
-	6.216 MMCFPD 17/6	4 inch	choke,					
	6,216 MMCFPD 17/6	i4 inch	choke.	<del></del>				
	6.216 MMCFPD 17/6	i4 inch	choke.		·			
FNOT		i4 inch	choke,		DIGTIL	LATION O	D A DII	
	ER DISTILLATION		choke.		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION Temperature, 1		choke.		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 7 8  106	7.			DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 1 6  106 167	······································	choke.		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 1 6 106 167 185	······································	700		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature. 1 6 167 185 196	······································			DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, ° F	······································	700		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, 5.	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, ° F	······································	700		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V407, 5	Temperature, 106 106 167 185 196 206 211 218	7.	700		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V417, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 106 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225	7.	700		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V417, 5	ER DISTILLATION  Temporature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231	7.	700 800 500		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
74cy, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temporature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238	7.	700 800 500		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
740y, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255	······································	700 800 800 400		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
very, 5	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266	7.	700 800 800 400 300		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V407, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272	7.	700 800 800 400		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V467, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272	7.	700 800 500 400 300		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V467, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272 283 311	7.	700 800 800 400 300		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V467, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272 283 311 334	7.	700 800 500 400 300		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
	ER DISTILLATION  Temporature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272 283 311 334 365	7.	700 800 500 400 300		DISTIL	LATION G	RAPH	
V445, %	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272 283 311 334 365 408	Temperature, ° F.	700 800 500 400 300	10 20	DISTIL.	LATION G		0 90
	ER DISTILLATION  Temperature, 18 106 167 185 196 206 211 218 225 231 238 246 255 266 272 283 311 334 365 408	Temperature, F.	700 800 500 400 300	10 20			60 70 B	0 90

392 EP evanline %

## CHEMICAL & G. JLOGICAL LABORATORIES F ALASKA, INC.



ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER
5633 8 Street



Сопрану	Husky Oil Company	DateA	pril	28.	1980	Lab No. 3436-1
Well No	Seabee No. 1	Location				
Field	NPRA	Formation _		Toro	ak	
County		Depth	,	5366	-94 (DS	T No. 3)
State	Alaska	Sampling P			Flow Per	
Line pressure	psig; Sample pressurepsig; T	. •				
Remarks	Sample No. 8, 4-9-80 @ 0		.,			
			•			
	<u>-</u>					
			-			
				Ma	10 % or	
	Component			_	lume %	
	Oxygen				0	
	••		· · · · · · · ·			
	Nitrogen			• • •	1.37	
	Carbon dioxide				0.36	
	Hydrogen sulfide		• • • • • • •	·· —		
	44.45		· · · · · • ·		93.42	
	Methane					Gailons
	Ethane		******		3.06	per MCF
	Propene		,,	·· —	0.62	0.170
	Iso-butane	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	··· <b>-</b>	0.08	0.026
•	N-butane			—	0.13	0.050
	Iso-pentane			·· <del>-</del>	0.12	0.047
	N-pentane	•		·· <del>-</del>	0.31	0.043
	Hexanes		. ,		0.37	0.127
	Heptanes & Higher		•••••	••		
					00 -0	0.613
		Total		··	<u>000</u>	0.633
					_	
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction .	****************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • •		).387
					1064	•
	Gross btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 ps				1064	<del></del>
	Specific gravity (calculated from analy					0.611
	Specific gravity (measured)		*****	• • • • •		1.610
	Paranta.					
	Remarks:				<del>-</del> ,	
		<u> </u>	_		<u></u>	<del></del>
		<del></del>			<del></del>	

## CHEMICAL & GLOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.



ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 8 Street



Company	Husky Oil Company	DateADE	<u>il 28, 1980                                    </u>	Lab No	3436-2
Well No	Seabee No. 1	Location			
Field	NPRA	Formation	Torok		
County	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Depth	5366-94 (DS	r No. 3)	
State	_Alaska	Sampling Point	5th Flow Per	riod	
Line pressu	repsig; Sample pressurepsi	g: Temperatura*F;			
Remarks	Sample No. 10, 4-9-80 @ 2	2025 Hrs.			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	·		
			Mole % or		
	Component		Volume %		
	Охудеп		0		
	Nitrogen		- 40		
	Carbon dioxide				
	Hydrogen sulfide				
	-				
	Methane		93.55		
	Ethana			Gallons per MCF	
	Propane			0.165	
	Iso-butane		· · · — — —	0.033	
	N-butane			0.047	
	Iso-pentane			0.040	
	N-pentane			0.043	
	Hexanes		1	0.098	
	Heptanes & Higher			0.129	
		*			
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Total	100.00	0.555	
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction		•	r. 310	
			······		
	. Gross btu. cv. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7	osia (dru haeie)	1061		
	Specific gravity (calculated from an			.606	
	Specific gravity (measured)			.610	
				· VIV	
	Remarks:				
				<del></del>	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

## CHEMICAL & GLULOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

TELEPHONE (9071-279-4014 274-3364 ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street



Company	Husky Oil Company	Date April 28, 1980 Lab No. 3436-3
Well No	Seabee No. 1	Location
Field	NPRA	Formation Torok
County		Depth 5366-94 (DST No. 3)
State	Alaska	Sampling Point 3rd Flow Period
nemarks	Sample No. 6, 4-8-80	6 2300 MS.
	Component	Mote % ar Volume %
	Oxygen	0
	Nitrogen	1.32
	Carlon discists	V 36

### CHEMICAL & G )LOGICAL LABORATORIES 'F ALASKA, INC.



TELEPHONE (907)-279-4014 274-3364 ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 8 Street



npany	Husky Oil Company	Date April	<u>28, 1980                                    </u>	Lab No. 3436-4
II No	Seabee No. 1	Location		
d	NPRA	Formation	Torok	
nty		Depth	5366-94 (D	ST No. 3)
	Alaska	Sampling Point _	2nd Flow P	eriod
pressure	epsig; Sample pressurepsig; ]	emperature °F: Co	ntsiner number	
narks	Sample No. 4, 4-8-80 @ 13	•		
			Mole % or	
	Component		Volume %	
	0		0	
	Oxygen		3 30	
	Nitrogen		0.25	
	Carbon dioxide			
	Hydrogen sulfide			
		*********		
	Methane	•		Gallons
	Ethane			per MCF
	Propane	•	0.60	0.165
	Iso-butane			0.023
	N-butane			0.044
	iso-pentane			0.058
	N-pentane		<del></del>	0.051
	Hexanes			0.074
	Heptanes & Higher		0.26	0.120
			100.00	0.535
		Total ATTICLE CO.	100.00	
	GPM of pentanes & higher fraction .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u>0.</u>	303
	Gross bitu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 ps	e (dry basis)		
	Specific gravity (calculated from analy	ysis) ,		<u>615</u>
	Specific gravity (measured)	***************************************	<u> </u>	<u>612</u>
	Remarks:			

### CHEMICAL & GL JLOGICAL LABORATORIES . F ALASKA, INC.



ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street



	sky Oil Company	Date	April:	28, 1980	Lab No. <u>34</u>
	eabee No. 1	Locatio	η		
NE.	PRA	Formati	on	<u>Torok</u>	
	·	Oepth_	<del></del>		ST No. 3)
A	<u>aska</u>	Samplii	ng Point	Initial Flo	w Period
sure _ Sa	psig: Sample pressuressig: Ter ample No. 2, 4-8-80 @ 0600 H		*F; Cor	ntainer number	
_	Component			Mole % or Volume %	
	Oxygen			0	
	Nitrogen			1.40	
	Carbon dioxide			A 20	
	Hydrogen sulfide				
	· -			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Methane		•	93.68	
	Ethans	•		3.11	Gallona per MCF
	Propane			0.62	0.170
	Iso-butane			0.09	0.029
	N-butane			0.17	0.053
					0.044
	Iso-pentane				0.043
	N-pentane				0.082
				0.00	0.106
	Heptanes & Higher				
		Total	***************************************	100.00	0.527
	GPM of pantanes & higher fraction		•••••		7 <u>.275</u>
	Gross btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 psia	ferme bassia)		105	7
	Specific gravity (calculated from analys			- 1	0.613
	Specific gravity (measured)				1.611
	Shading disasta fusasiniani				<del>davi.b</del>
	Remarks:				
	t registrati (A.D.				<u> </u>



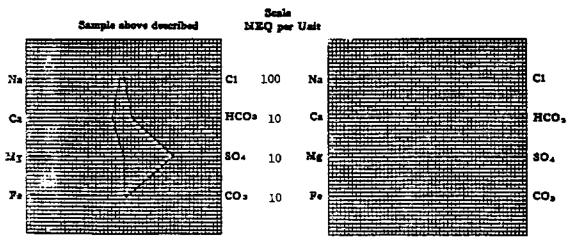
### CHEMICAL & GEOLOGICAL LABORATORIES OF ALASKA, INC.

P.O. BOX 4-1276 Anchorage, Alaska 99509 TELEPHONE (907)-279-4014 274-3364 ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street

### WATER ANALYSIS REPORT

	łusky Oil Company	DATE April 28	<u>, 1980                                    </u>	LAB NO. 3439			
TELL NO	Seabee No. 1	LOCATION		<del></del>			
TRLD	VPRA	PORMATION	Torok	- 15322 243			
OUNTY		INTERVAL		3 (5366-94)			
TATE	Alaska	SAMPLE PROM.	Mud, 1/2	min into reve	rse c		
EMARES & CO		ntent = 6 mg/gram : analysis indicat :e.		rbons present			
		å -lene		-/1			
Cathone	<u>ag/1</u> <u>gas/1</u> 3028 131.72	Axiona		000 124.8			
iliani, e e e e	140 3,58	. Salisto	·	350 9.8	_		
	565 28.19	Carleman	• • • ——	240 7.9			
	10 0.82	. Carponero	· · · <del>- 1</del>	320 21.0			
		. Hydrenide -	· · · <u></u>				
		. 11/04220		<del></del>			
Tee	164.31	To	ai Azdone	164.	31		
بتنعه إجراهما إيره		, Specific resistance G	4°7.:				
Cl ogsiralna, m		Observes		0.85	ونسابي		
erred pH -	9,3	ومنطوعات والمارية	· - • • <u>-</u>	0.86			

### **WATER ANALYSIS PATTERN**



(Na valna in shree grupta budadea Na, K, and Ll) NDTS: Mg/1 m/Millgrein yan Bur Maq/1 m/MMByran aquivalangs par Mar Berlitus abbreta mpirukan/mg-Danina ya Mareberga cabaningsa Jean anamanana

## CHEMICAL & GEULOGICAL LABORATORIES

ALASKA, INC.



ANCHORAGE INDUSTRIAL CENTER 5633 B Street



Veli No.         Seable No. 1         Location           ield         NPRA         Formation           Depth         DST No. 4 (2652–64)	Gallons per MCF		Husky Oil Company	кпрапу
Semple   Semple pressure   Sempling Formation   Surface   Manifold-Initial	Gallons per MCF		Seabee No. 1	, .
Depth   DST No. 4 (2652-64)	Gallons per MCF			
Alaska   Sampling Point   Surface   Manifold-Initial	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101			
Total   Tota	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	oint <u>Surface Mani</u>	Alaska	•
Camponent   Mole % or Volume %   Oxygen   O   1.45	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	"F; Container number	30	
Component   Wolume %   Oxygen   O	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	·	Sample taken April 13, 1980 @	•
Component   Volume   X	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101			emarks
Component   Volume   X	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101			
Component         Volume %           Oxygen         0           Nitrogen         1.45           Carbon dioxide         0.26           Hydrogen sutfide	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101			
Component         Volume %           Oxygen         0           Nitrogen         1.45           Carbon dioxide         0.26           Hydrogen sutfide	Gallons per MCF 0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	ttele ¥ es	<u> </u>	
Oxygen	gallons per MCF	*******	Composes	
1.45	per MCF		•	
Nitrogen   10,26	per MCF			
Hydrogen suifide   94.82   Gallons	per MCF			
Methane         94.82         Gallons per MCF           Ethane         2.43         per MCF           Propane         0.31         0.085           Iso-butane         0.05         0.016           N-butane         0.11         0.035           Iso-pentane         0.06         0.022           N-pentane         0.18         0.074           Hexanes         0.18         0.074           Hèptanes & Higher         0.22         0.101           Total         100.00         0.373    Gross btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 paie (dry besis)  O .602  Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)	gallons per MCF			
Methane       94.82 per MCF         Ethane       0.31 0.085         Propane       0.05 0.016         Iso-butane       0.11 0.035         N-butane       0.06 0.022         Iso-pentane       0.06 0.022         N-pentane       0.18 0.074         Hexanes       0.18 0.074         Heptanes & Higher       0.22 0.101         Total       100.00 0.373         GPM of pentanes & higher fraction       0.237         Gross btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 pais (dry besis)       1042 0.602         Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)       0.602	gallons per MCF		Hydrogen sulfide	
### ##################################	gallons per MCF			
Ethane	0.085 0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101		Methane	
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)   10.05   0.016   0.022   0.016   0.022   0.016   0.022   0.016   0.022   0.016   0.022   0.016   0.022   0.018   0.074   0.022   0.018   0.074   0.022   0.0101   0.022   0.0101   0.000   0.00	0.016 0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	<u> 2.43</u>	Ethane	
So-butane	0.035 0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101	0.31	Propane	
N-butane	0.022 0.040 0.074 0.101			
150-pentane	0.040 0.074 0.101			
N-pentane	0.074			
Hexanes & Higher	0.101			
Total		0.18		
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	0.373	0.22		
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	0.373	- · ·	Lisbranies & Lidies	
GPM of pentanes & higher fraction	•	100.00		
Gross btu cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 paie (dry basis)				
Gross btu_cu. ft. @ 60° F. & 14.7 paie (dry basis)	· 0\.237		**************************************	
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)			GPM of pentanes a higher traction	
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)	.042	104		
Specific gravity (calculated from analysis)				
Specific gravity (measured)	<del></del>			
			Specific gravity (measured)	
•			•	
Remarks:	<del></del>		Remarks:	

### LISTING OF OTHER AVAILABLE GEOLOGICAL DATA

- A. Final Biostratigraphic Report, Foraminifera, by Anderson, Warren & Associates, dated May 6, 1980.
- B. Final Biostratigraphic Report, Palynology, by Anderson, Warren & Associates, dated May 6, 1980.
- C. Test Wells, Ilmiat Area, Alaska, USGS Professional Paper, 305-B.

### SOURCE OF OTHER GEOLOGICAL AND WELL DATA

Copies and some reproducibles of information referenced in this report, which was generated as part of the USGS/NPRA exploration effort; can be obtained by contacting:

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration EDIS/NGSDC (D62) 325 Broadway Boulder, CO 80303